A		Reg. No. :]
Question Paper Code: 55702												
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2018												
Fifth Semester												
Mechanical Engineering												
15UME502 - ENGINEERING MATERIALS AND METALLURGY												
(Regulation 2015)												
Dura	tion: Three hours	Answer Al	LL Ques	tions			N	/laxiı	num	: 100) Ma	arks
PART A - $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$												
1.	The material which has more than 6.67% carbon content is known as							CO	1- R			
	(a) Pure iron	(b) Mild steel	(c)	Grapł	nite		((d) C	ast ii	on		
2.	The mixture of α -ferrite and cementite is called as										CO)1- R
	(a) Ledeburite	(b) Pearlite	(c)	Auste	enite		((d) B	oth a	. and	1 b.	
3.	Which process is used	to remove internal s	stresses	from a	met	al?					CO	92- R
	(a) Annealing	(b) Cold working	(c)	Both	a. an	db.	((d) N	one	of th	e ab	ove
4.	Hot working tool steels	s can be case harder	ned by th	e proc	cess	of					CO	2- R
	(a) Carburizing		(b)	Carbo	onitr	iding						
	(c) Nitriding (d) Induction					Harc	ardening					
5.	The ability of a materia is called	Ibility of a material to resist fracture due to high impact loads, CO3- R led										
	(a) Strength	(b) Stiffness		(c) To	ough	ness	((d) B	rittle	ness		

6.	Which of the following property is desirable for materials used in tools and machines?								
	(a) l	Elasticity	(b) Plasticity	(c) Ductility	(d) Malleabilit	ty			
7.	In w	white cast irons, can	rbon is present as			CO4- R			
	(a) Graphite flakes			(b) Graphite nod					
	(c) (Cementite	(d) Carbon does not exist						
8.	steel widely used for motor car crankshafts								
	(a) l	Nickel steel	(b) Nickel-Chrome steel	(c) Silicon steel	(d) Chrome steel				
9.	PVC	C stands for				CO5- R			
	(a) l	Poly vinyl carbona	te	(b) Plastic very compact					
	(c) Polyvinyl chloride			(d) Polythene vinyl chloride					
10.	Which one is not a major contributor of engineering ceramics					CO5- R			
	(a) S	SiC	(b) SiO ₂	(c) Si ₃ N ₄	(d) Al_2O_3				
$PART - B (5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$									
11.	Define Peritectic and Eutectoid reactions.								
12.	Mention the different methods of heat treatment.					CO2- R			
13.	Differentiate between slip and twinning mechanism.					CO3- R			
14.	List any four important mechanical properties of materials.					CO4- R			
15.	List any four engineering ceramics.					CO5- R			
			PART – C (5 x 16	= 80Marks)					
16.	(a) Explain the iron – iron carbide diagram with neat sketch and CO1- Ap discuss the different phases and reactions that takes place in it.				CO1- App	0 (16)			
	Or								
	(b) What is a solid solution? Explain the types of solid solutions. CO1- Ap					b (16)			

17. (a) Explain the Isothermal Transformation diagram for a eutectoid CO2 -App (16) Iron- Carbon alloy with cooling curves.

Or

- (b) Explain any two methods of carburizing based on the process and CO2- Ana (16) mention its advantages and limitations.
- 18. (a) List the various types of hardness testing. Explain the testing CO3- Ana (16) procedure for Rockwell hardness test and mention the advantages and limitations.

Or

- (b) Write down the procedure for preparing Charpy and Izod CO3- Ana (16) specimens for impact testing and also explain how testing is performed.
- 19. (a) Enumerate the composition and properties of malleable and white CO4-U (16) cast iron.

Or

- (b) Discuss any two copper base alloys. Give its composition, CO4- Ana (16) properties and uses.
- 20. (a) What are the different types of polymers? Explain any four types CO5-U (16) of polymers and its applications.

Or

(b) List the important engineering ceramic materials and discuss its CO5-U (16) general applications in various engineering fields.