

Reg. No. :

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Question Paper Code: 35021**

B.E/B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2018

Fifth Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

01UMA521 – DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

(Common to Information Technology)

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

1. Construct a truth for  $(\neg p \leftrightarrow \neg q) \leftrightarrow (p \leftrightarrow q)$ .
2. Define universal and existential quantifiers.
3. State Pigeonhole principle and its generalization.
4. In how many ways can integers 1 through 9 be permuted such that no odd integer will be in its natural position?
5. Define a complete graph.
6. Define spanning tree.
7. Define a field in an algebraic system.
8. Show that every cyclic group is abelian.
9. When is a lattice said to be bounded?
10. State the Isotonic property of a Lattice.

PART - B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

11. (a) (i) Show that  $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (r \rightarrow s), (q \rightarrow t) \wedge (s \rightarrow u), \neg(t \wedge u)$  and  $(p \rightarrow r) \Rightarrow \neg p$ .  
(8)
- (ii) Obtain PDNF of  $(P \wedge Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge R) \vee (Q \wedge R)$ . Also find PCNF. (8)

Or

- (b) Show that RVS follows logically from the premises  $CVD, CVD \rightarrow 7H, 7H \rightarrow A \wedge 7B$  and  $(A \wedge 7B) \rightarrow (RVS)$ . (16)

12. (a) (i) There are 250 students in an engineering college. Out of these 188 have taken a course in Fortran, 100 have taken a course in C and 35 have taken a course in Java. Further 88 have taken a course in both Fortran and C. 23 have taken course in both C and Java, and 29 have taken a course in both Fortran and Java. If 19 of these students have taken all these courses, how many of these 250 students have not taken a course in any of these three programming languages? (8)

- (ii) Use the method of generating function to solve the recurrence relation  $a_n = 4a_{n-1} - 4a_{n-2} + 4^n$ ;  $n \geq 2$  given that  $a_0 = 2$  and  $a_1 = 8$ . (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Solve the recurrence relation  $a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 2^n, a_0 = 2$ . (8)

- (ii) Prove the principle of inclusion – exclusion using mathematical induction. (8)

13. (a) (i) Describe a discrete structure based on a graph that can be used to model airline routes and their flight times. (8)

- (ii) Define an Euler path and show that if a graph G has more than two vertices of odd degree, then there can be a no Euler path in G. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) If all the vertices of an undirected graph are each of odd degree  $k$ , show that the number of edges of the graph is a multiple of  $K$ . (8)

- (ii) Define a tree and hence prove that a tree with  $n$  vertices has  $(n - 1)$  edges. (8)

14. (a) State and prove Lagrange's theorem. (16)

Or

- (b)  $(A,*)$  be a monoid such that for every  $x$  in  $A, x * x = e$  where  $e$  is the identity element. Show that  $(A,*)$  is an abelian group. (16)

15. (a) Show that the De Morgan's laws hold in a Boolean algebra. That is, show that for all  $x$  and  $y, \overline{(x \vee y)} = \bar{x} \wedge \bar{y}$  and  $\overline{(x \wedge y)} = \bar{x} \vee \bar{y}$ . (16)

Or

- (b) (i) In a distributive lattice  $\{L, \vee, \wedge\}$  if an element  $a \in L$  has a complement then it is unique. (8)
- (ii) Find the distinctive normal forms of the Boolean expression  $f(x, y, z) = xy + yz'$  by
- (1) Truth table method
  - (2) Algebraic method (8)

