A		Reg. No. :										
<b>Question Paper Code: 59306</b>												
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2018												
Elective												
Electrical and Electronics Engineering												
15UEE906 – SPECIAL ELECTRICAL MACHINES												
(Regulation 2015)												
Duration: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks												
Answer ALL Questions												
PART A - $(10 \text{ x } 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$												
1.	The unit of flux density in the air gap in							CO1-F				
	(a) no unit	(b) wb/m <sup>2</sup>	(c) wl	)			(d) w	/b/m				
2.	When the load – torque is increased, the rotor speed tends to								CO1 -F			
	(a) constant	(b)zero	(c) fa	11			(d) ir	ncrea	sed			
3.	The attractive force that exists in an object or substance after it has CO2 been removed from a magnetic field is called								CO2- R			
	(a) Residual magnetism			(b) Residual current								
	(c) armature reaction			(d) demagnetizing								
4.	A material's resistance to becoming magnetized is called								CO2- F			
	(a) electro magnetizin	ng (b) inductance	(c) re	sistivity		(d) r	elucta	ance				
5.	The field coils of opposite poles are connected in series such that CO3 mmfs are additive is called							CO3 -F				
	(a) Phase winding		(d) r	none o	of the	e above						
6.	5. The converter allows fastof phases during commutation								CO3- F			
(a) demagnetization (b) magnetization (c) cross magnetization						(d) r	(d) none of the above					

7.	It is the maximum load torque which the energized stepper motor can withstand slipping from equilibrium position is known as											
	(a) s	starting torque	(b) holding torque	(c) detent torque	e							
8.	Actual step angle is slightly different from the theoretical step angle is called					CO4 -R						
	(a) s	stepping Error	(b) positional Error	(c) resolution	e above							
9.		es of linear ind ration	uction motor based	on the principle of		CO5- R						
	(a) Linear Induction motor (b) Li			(b) Linear synchronou	Linear synchronous motor							
	(c) I	DC commutator lin										
10.	Hysteresis loop is based on curve.											
	(a)H	I-I curve	(b)I-V curve	(c)B-H curve	(d)B-L curve							
PART - B (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)												
11.	Write comparison of brushless dc motor relative to induction motor drives.											
12.	Write the emf equation of PMSM.											
13.	Mention some applications of SRM.											
14.	What is stepper motor?											
15.	Write the applications of linear induction motor.											
	PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)											
16.	(a)	Draw and explain	n the constructional de	tails of PMBLDC moto	r. CO1 -U	(16)						
	Or											
	(b)	Sketch the torque Also Explain.	CO1- U	(16)								
17.	(a)	(a) Derive the torque equation of an ideal PMSM. CO2				p (16)						
Or												
	(b) Explain the construction and operation of PMSM. CO2-					(16)						

18. (a) Explain the construction and working principle of switched CO3-U (16) reluctance motor.

## Or

- (b) Explain the operation with suitable circuit diagram of two power CO3 -U (16) semiconductor switching devices and two diodes applicable to switched reluctance motor.
- 19. (a) Draw and explain single stack variable reluctance stepper motor CO4 -U (16) also electrical connections.

## Or

- (b) State and explain the static and dynamic characteristics of a CO4 Ana (16) stepper motor.
- 20. (a) What is the principle and working of hysteresis motor? Explain CO5-U (16) briefly

Or

(b) Draw and explain AC series motor also write with applications. CO5 -U (16)