Reg. No. : | | | | | | | | | | |

Question Paper Code: 46402

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2018

Sixth Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

14UEC602 - WIRELESS COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

(Regulation 2014)

Duration: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. Wireless communication is started in

   (a) 1869 (b) 1895 (c) 1879 (d) 1885

2. For the case of hexagonal cell we can divide it into six equilateral triangles.

   Area of each equilateral is,

   (a) $3/\sqrt{4}R^2$ (b) $3/4\ R^2$ (c) $\sqrt{3}/4\ R^2$ (d) $3/\sqrt{4}\ R$

3. Reflection is

   (a) Propagation mode (b) Propagation mechanism

   (c) Spread spectrum (d) None of the above

4. Link budget consists of calculation of

   (a) Useful signal power (b) Interfering noise power

   (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these

5. QPSK is a composite of

   (a) Two BPSK (b) Three BPSK

   (c) Two FSK (d) Two M-ary PSK

6. If Gray encoded input debit is 11 then the phase 9 QPSK signal is?

(a) $\pi/4$ (b) $3\pi/4$ (c) $5\pi/4$ (d) $7\pi/4$

7. Diversity technique
   (a) Provides significant link improvement
   (b) Needs training overhead
   (c) Both (a) and (b)
   (d) None of these
8. The technique for combining diversity signals are
   (a) Feedback (b) Maximal ratio
   (c) Equal gain (d) All the above

9. _____ are typically characterized by very small cells, especially in densely populated areas.

   (a) 2G system (b) 3G system
   (c) 2.5G System (d) 3.5G system

5. 10. Modulation format used for IEEE 802.11.a

(a) FDM (b) THM (c) OFDM (d) OTDM

PART - B (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

11. Define frequency reuse.

12. Differentiate Time and frequency selective fading.

13. List out the factors that influence the choice of digital modulation.

14. Why diversity and equalization techniques are used?

15. What is diversity?

PART - C (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

16. (a) Discuss about propagation effects with mobile radio. . (16)

Or

(b) With a block diagram of a basic cellular system, explain the various functional modules and the method by which a call is routed. (16)

17. (a) Explain the three basic propagation mechanisms in a mobile communication system. (16)

Or

(b) (i) Discuss about wide band model. (8)

(ii) What is the need for link calculation? Explain with suitable example. (8)

18. (a) (i) How MSK signals are generated. Explain in detail. (8)

(ii) Discuss in detail the demodulation techniques for Minimum Shift Keying. (8)

Or

13. (b) Explain with neat signal diagrams the modulation and demodulation technique of QPSK. (16)

19. (a) Explain in detail about:

(i) Linear equalizers. (8)

(ii) Decision feedback equalizers. (8)

Or

(b) Explain the principles of diversity. (16)

20. (a) Explain CDMA and compare its performance with TDMA**.** (16)

Or

(b) (i) Illustrate the block diagram of IS-95transmitter. (8)

(ii) Write short notes on 2G and 3G Wireless networks and standard. (8)

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