Reg. No.:					

# **Question Paper Code: 54502**

## B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2018

Third Semester

Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering

#### 15UEI303 - SENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS

(Common to Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

(Regulation 2015)

Duration: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

### **Answer ALL Questions**

PART A -  $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

1.	One of the following is an active transduc	eer
	(a) Starin gauge	(b) Selsyn
	(c) Photovoltaic cell	(d) Photo-emissive cell

- 2. Uncertainty distribution is used for
  - (a) analysis of multi-sample data
  - (b) analysis of single-sample data
  - (c) analysis of both single and multi sample data
  - (d) none of these
- 3. In measurement systems, which of the following static characteristics are desirable
  - (a) Accuracy(b) Sensitivity(c) Reproducibility(d) All of the above
- 4. A pressure measurement instrument is calibrated between 10 bar and 250 bar. The scale span of the instrument is
  - (a) 10 bar (b) 250 bar (c) 240 bar (d) 260 bar

5.	Identify the device, viceefficient	which is simila	r to an	RTD	but has	a	negative	temperature		
	<ul><li>(a) resistance thermometer</li><li>(c) negative type RTD</li></ul>			(b) thermistor						
				(d) thermocouple						
6.	Dummy strain gauges are used for									
	<ul><li>(a) Compensation of temperature changes</li><li>(b) increasing the sensitivity of bridge in which they are included</li><li>(c) compensating for different expansion</li><li>(d) calibration of strain gauges</li></ul>									
7.	A tachometer encoder l	nas								
	(a) one output	(a) one output				(b) two outputs				
	(c) three outputs			(d) fo	our outpu	ıts				
8.	. SQUID stands for									
	<ul><li>(a) Superior Quality Interference Device</li><li>(b) Superconducting Quantum Interference Device</li><li>(c) Super Quality Intermediate Device</li><li>(d) None of these</li></ul>									
9.	An inductive proximity	sensor reduces	sensing 1	ange u	pto					
	(a) 70%	(b) 80%		(c) 60	0%		(d) 50	)%		
10.	0. Vibration is commonly expressed in									
	(a) Hertz	(b) Volt	(c)	) Ampe	ere	(	(d) Ohm			
		PART - B (	$5 \times 2 = 1$	0 Marl	xs)					
11.	List the classification of	f transducers.								
12.	Label the standard test	input signals.								
13.	Define gauge factor.									
14.	List out any four mater	ials by which pion	ezoelectr	ic trans	sducers a	re r	nade off.			

15. Name any four applications of NANO sensors.

## PART - C (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

16. (a) In a test temperature is measured 100 times with variations in apparatus and produces the following results.

:397 398 399 401 402 403 404 405 Temp 400 16 :1 3 23 37 4 2 2 Freq 12

Evaluate the arithmetic mean, the average deviation, the standard deviation and the probable error. (16)

Or

- (b) Explain the criteria for selection of transducer for a particular application. (16)
- 17. (a) Derive the time response of a second order under damped measuring system for a unit step input. Draw the response. (16)

Or

- (b) Discuss in detail about the static characteristics of transducers with suitable sketches. (16)
- 18. (a) Discuss the principle of operation of resistance thermometers and also discuss the characteristics of different metals for resistance thermometers. (16)

Or

- (b) Describe the construction of different types of strain gauges and working principle. (16)
- 19. (a) Discuss the theory, working and application of Hall effect Transducer. (16)

Or

- (b) With neat sketch explain the working of a fiber optic displacement transducer. (16)
- 20. (a) Describe the concepts and working of smart sensor with neat diagram. (16)

Or

(b) Describe the concepts and working of smart sensor with neat diagram. (16)