Reg. No. :
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# **Question Paper Code: 35505**

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2018

Fifth Semester

Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering

(Common to Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

01UEI505 - ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTS

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1. Define Beer-Lambert law.
- 2. What is meant by flame emission spectrometry?
- 3. List the various detectors used in gas chromatography.
- 4. Why high pressure pumps are used in HPLC?
- 5. List the method used for measuring oxygen in flue gas.
- 6. Describe the principle of thermal conductivity analyzer.
- 7. List is the use of black in silica analyzer.
- 8. Tell the application of Silica analyzer
- 9. What are the advantages of NMR spectrometer?
- 10. Classify the NMR spectrometer.

#### PART - B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

11. (a) Illustrate the working principle of double beam IR spectrophotometers. (16)

#### Or

- (b) Explain the single beam and double beam spectrophotometers. (16)
- 12. (a) Discuss any two types of detector used in liquid chromatography. (16)

## Or

- (b) Analyze the components and operation of the high performance liquid chromatography. (16)
- 13. (a) (i) Explain the construction and working of Infra-Red gas analyzers. (8)
  - (ii) How Carbon Monoxide (CO) and Hydrocarbons are estimated? Explain in detail. (8)

#### Or

- (b) Explain the measurement of sulphur dioxide and carbon monoxide. (16)
- 14. (a) With neat diagram, explain the construction and working of dissolved oxygen analyzer. (16)

### Or

- (b) Examine the working principle of sodium analyzer. (16)
- 15. (a) Explain the construction and working principle of Electron Spin Resonance (ESR) spectrometer with neat diagram. (16)

## Or

(b) Explain the principle of operation of a mass spectrometer. (16)