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Question Paper Code: 43104

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2018

Third Semester

Civil Engineering

14UCE304 - MECHANICS OF SOLIDS – I

(Regulation 2014)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions.

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

- The stress induced in a body, when suddenly loaded, is _____ the stress induced when the same load is applied gradually.
(a) equal to (b) one-half (c) twice (d) four times
- Strain energy is the
(a) energy stored in a body when strained within elastic limits
(b) energy stored in a body when strained up to the breaking of a specimen
(c) maximum strain energy which can be stored in a body
(d) proof resilience per unit volume of a material
- A perfect frame should satisfy the relation_____
(a) $m=2j+3$ (b) $m=3j-4$ (c) $m= 2j-3$ (d) $m=3j-2$
- Moment of inertia of a circle of diameter d about its centroidal X axis is _____
(a) $\pi d^4 / 64$ (b) $\pi d^4 / 50$ (c) $\pi r^4 / 64$ (d) $\pi r^4 / 35$
- In a cantilever beam with uniformly distributed load, shear force variation along the length of the beam follows _____
(a) Parabolic path (b) Linear path (c) Cubic path (d) None of the above

6. If the shear force value is zero at a section, then the bending moment value will be ____.
- (a) equal (b) maximum (c) minimum (d) none of these
7. Strain energy is the
- (a) energy stored in a body when strained within elastic limits
(b) energy stored in a body when strained up to the breaking of a specimen
(c) maximum strain energy which can be stored in a body
(d) proof resilience per unit volume of a material
8. In the torsion equation, the term J/R is called as
- (a) shear modulus (b) section modulus (c) polar modulus (d) none of these
9. Principal planes are separated by an angle
- (a) 90 (b) 45 (c) 30 (d) none of these
10. Mohr's circle is used to determine the stresses on an oblique section of a body subjected to
- (a) direct tensile stress in one plane accompanied by a shear stress
(b) direct tensile stress in two mutually perpendicular directions
(c) direct tensile stress in two mutually perpendicular directions accompanied by a simple shear stress
(d) all of the above

PART - B (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

11. State the relationship between Young's modulus and modulus of rigidity.
12. Explain the concept of analysis of tresses carrying horizontal loads in method of joints.
13. Explain with neat sketch the types of beams.
14. List the types of springs.
15. Define principal plane.

PART - C (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

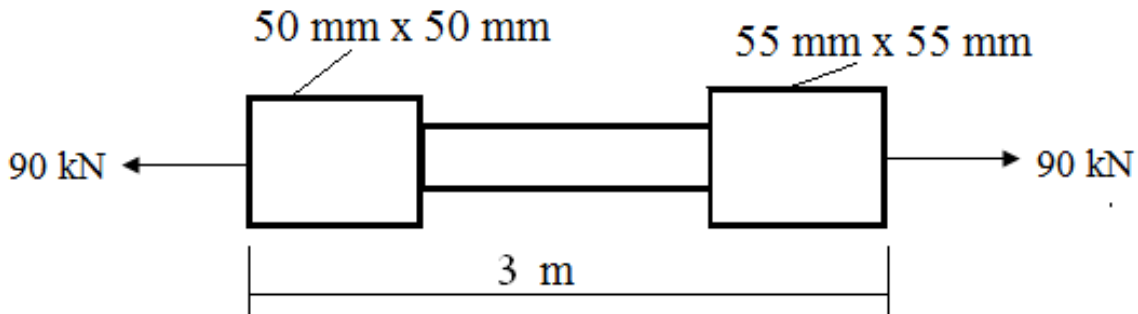
16. (a) In testing a 1 cm dia mild steel rod in tension it was found that a load of 10 kN caused an extension of 0.012 cm on a length of 20 cm. The maximum load was 26kN and the load beyond which stress-strain was not proportional was 11kN. The extension of the 20cm length was 6.15 cm and the diameter at fracture was 0.57 cm. Find

- (i) The limit of proportionality
 - (ii) Young's modulus
 - (iii) Percentage elongation and
 - (iv) Percentage contraction of area at fracture
- (16)

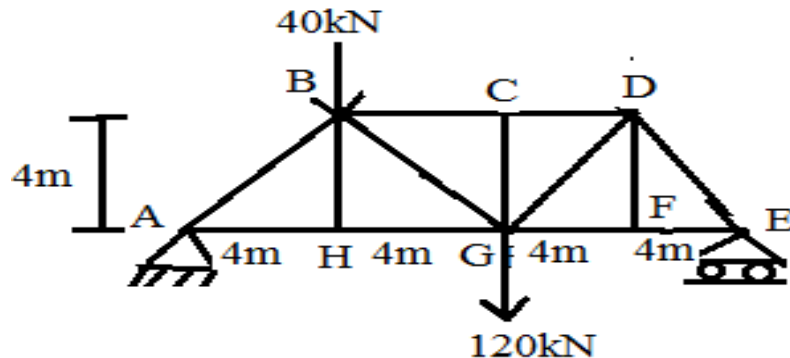
Or

(b) A bar of length 3 m has enlarged square ends of same length is loaded with an axial force 90 kN as shown in the figure. The cross sectional dimensions of the enlarged portions are given in the diagram. If the middle portion of the bar is also of square section, find the size and length of the middle portion, if the stress there is 150 MN/m^2 , the total elongation of the bar is 0.50 mm. Take $E = 200 \text{ GN/m}^2$.

(16)

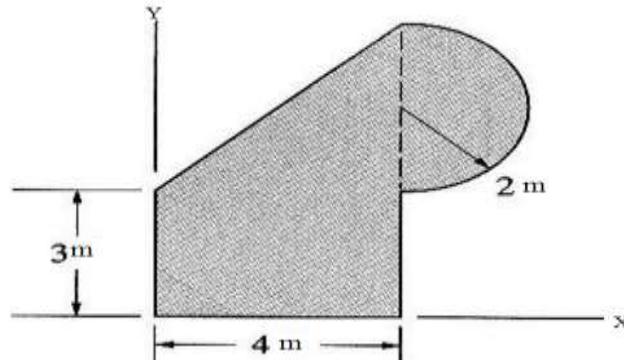


17. (a) Determine the forces in all members of a truss as shown in below figure. (16)

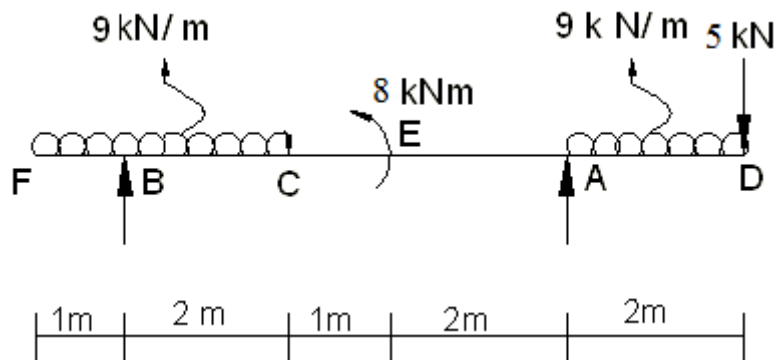


Or

(b) Find the centroid of the composite area shown in figure and also find moment of inertia about its common centroidal X axis. (16)



18. (a) Draw shear force and bending moment diagram for an overhanging beam shown in the figure. (16)



Or

- (b) A cantilever of length 2.0 m carries a uniformly distributed load of 1 kN/m run over a length of 1.5 m from the free end. Draw the shear force and bending moment diagram for the cantilever. (16)
19. (a) A solid shaft is subjected to a torque of 50 kNm . If angle of twist is 0.6° per metre length of the shaft and the shear stress is not to be allowed to exceed 85 MN/m^2 . Find suitable diameter of the shaft, Final maximum shear stress and maximum shear strain in the shaft. Modulus of rigidity of the material of the shaft is 80 GN/m^2 . (16)

Or

- (b) An open coil helical spring consists of 12 coils , each of mean diameter 50 mm . The wire forming the coil being 5 mm in diameter. Each coil makes an angle of 30° with the plane perpendicular to the axis of the spring. Determine the load required to elongate the spring by 30 mm and the bending stress caused by that load. Young's modulus of elasticity and modulus of rigidity of the material of the spring is 200 GN/m^2 and 82 GN/m^2 respectively. (16)

20. (a) A body is subjected to stresses on two mutually perpendicular planes are 30 MN/m^2 (tensile) and 20 MN/m^2 (tensile). Shear stress across this planes are 8 MN/m^2 . Using Mohr's circle method find the magnitude and direction of the resultant stress on the plane making an angle of 35° with the plane of first stress and also find the normal and tangential stress on the plane. (16)

Or

- (b) At a point in a strained material the principle stresses are 100 N/mm^2 (tensile) and 60 N/mm^2 (compressive). Determine the normal stress, shear stress and resultant stress on a plane inclined at 50° to the axis of major principle stress. Also determine the maximum shear stress at the point. (16)
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