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B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2016

Third Semester

Mechanical Engineering

15UME3	02 - MANUFA	CTURING TECHNO	LOGY - I		
	(Regu	lation 2015)			
Duration: Three hours			Maximum: 100 Marks		
	Answer A	ALL Questions			
	PART A - (1	$10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks}$			
Facing sand used in fou					
	•	(b) clay and alu (d) clay and sil			
2. Which of the following is not a casting defect?					
(a) hot tear(c) blow hole		(b) decarburiza (d) scab	tion		
In the resistance welding	g , the pressure	is released			
(b) after completion(c) after the weld complete	of current	ırrent			
A soldering iron 'bit' is	made of				
(a) brass	(b) tin	(c) steel	(d) copper		
An important product m	nanufactured by	rolling is			
(a) I- section	(b) tubes	(c) rollers	(d) discs		
	Facing sand used in fou (a) alumina, silica a (c) silica and alumin Which of the following (a) hot tear (c) blow hole In the resistance weldin (a) just at the time of (b) after completion (c) after the weld co (d) during heating p A soldering iron 'bit' is (a) brass An important product m	Duration: Three hours Answer A PART A - (1) Facing sand used in foundry work comp (a) alumina, silica and clay (c) silica and alumina Which of the following is not a casting (a) hot tear (c) blow hole In the resistance welding, the pressure (a) just at the time of passing the cu (b) after completion of current (c) after the weld cools (d) during heating period A soldering iron 'bit' is made of (a) brass (b) tin An important product manufactured by	Answer ALL Questions PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks) Facing sand used in foundry work comprises of (a) alumina, silica and clay (b) clay and alu (c) silica and alumina (d) clay and sil Which of the following is not a casting defect? (a) hot tear (b) decarburization (c) blow hole (d) scab In the resistance welding, the pressure is released (a) just at the time of passing the current (b) after completion of current (c) after the weld cools (d) during heating period A soldering iron 'bit' is made of (a) brass (b) tin (c) steel An important product manufactured by rolling is		

6.	The collapsible tooth paste tubes are m	anufactured by				
	(a) direct extrusion(c) impact extrusion	(b) piercing(d) indirect extrusion				
7.	In press operation, the size of the pierce					
	(a) punch	(b) die				
	(c) average of punch and die	(d) die and clearance				
8.	The cold heading is the process of					
	(a) chip less machining	(b) high energy rate forming				
	(c) explosive forming	(d) magnetic pulse forming				
9.	Injection molding is the ideal method of	of processing				
	(a) plastics	(b) thermo-setting plastics	(b) thermo-setting plastics			
	(c) thermoplastics	(d) None of these	(d) None of these			
10.	Plastic bottles are manufactured using	the process of				
	(a) blow molding	(b) injection molding				
	(c) atomizing	(d) die casting				
	PART - B	$(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$				
11.	List some of the major disadvantages of	f the expendable mold casting processes.				
12.	What is filler metal, and why might it b	be needed to produce a joint?				
13.	Why heated dies are generally employed	ed in hot-press forging operations?				
14.	State the principle of working of hydro	forming.				
15.	Enlist the difference between a positive	e mold and a negative mold in thermoforming.				
	PART - C ($5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ Marks}$				
16.	(a) (i) Discuss the various properties	of molding sands.	(8)			
	(ii) Describe how permeability determined.	and moisture content of molding sand	are (8)			
		Or				
	(b) Explain briefly step by step proced	ure for the following:				
	(i) Shell Molding.		(8)			
	(ii) Co ₂ Molding.					

17.	(a)	(i)	Sketch and briefly describe the working of oxy-acetylene gas welding and also explain the three types of flames can be produced by varying the oxygen–fuel ratio with neat sketch. (10)
		(ii)	Discuss the attractive features of submerged arc welding with a neat sketch and list its major limitations. (6)
			Or
	(b)	(i)	Describe the sequence of steps in thermit welding process with a neat sketch and states its applications. (8)
		(ii)	Sketch and briefly describe the working of friction welding. (8)
18.	(a)	(i)	Describe the operational features of closed die forging with a neat sketch. (6)
		(ii)	Sketch and describe the important features of various rolling mills. (10)
			Or
	(b)	(i)	Explain the basic methods of lubrication used in wire drawing. (6)
		(ii)	Explain with a neat sketch of the attractive features of the direct and indirect extrusion processes. (10)
19.	(a)	(i)	Explain the sheet metal operations like flanging, hemming and beading with a neat sketch. (6)
		(ii)	Illustrate with neat sketches the deep drawing and stretch forming operations. (10)
			Or
	(b)	_	plain in details about the principle of operation of super plastic forming with a t sketch. (16)
20.	(a)	Ske	etch and briefly describe the working of transfer molding processes. (16)
			Or
	(b)		cuss briefly the working principle and most attractive feature of rotational lding with a neat sketch. (16)