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Question Paper Code: 31555

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2016

Fifth Semester

Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering

(Common to Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

01UEI505 - ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTS

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1. Define Beer-Lambert law.
- 2. List the different types of spectrophotometers.
- 3. List the various detectors used in gas chromatography.
- 4. Name the different types of columns used in liquid chromatography.
- 5. Point out the various methods of NO_2 analyzer.
- 6. Describe the principle of thermal conductivity analyzer.
- 7. What are the limitations of glass electrode?
- 8. Tell the application of Silica analyzer.
- 9. What is the principle of electron spin resonance?
- 10. Classify the NMR spectrometer.

PART - B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

11. (a) Illustrate the working principle of double beam IR spectrophotometers. (16)

(b) (i) Illustrate the operations of single beam photometer and double beam photometer.

(8)

- (ii) Discuss about the working of Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer (AAS). (8)
- 12. (a) (i) Describe the operation of flame ionization detector in detail. (8)
 - (ii) With a help of neat sketch, explain the construction and working of Katharometer.(8)

Or

- (b) Analyze the components and operation of the high performance liquid chromatography. (16)
- 13. (a) Summarize the working principle of any one type of Oxygen (O_2) gas analyser. (16)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain in detail, how lead acetate tape staining is used to determine H_2S in flu gas? (8)
 - (ii) Write short notes on optical method of smoke detector and ionization smoke detector.
- 14. (a) Examine the measurement of pH using selective iron electrodes. (16)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain the operations of standard hydrogen electrode with neat diagram.
 (8)
 (ii) With neat diagram, explain the working of sodium analyzer.
- 15. (a) Explain the construction and working principle of Electron Spin Resonance (ESR) spectrometer with neat diagram. (16)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain the working of a Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) with neat sketch. (8)
 - (ii) With a neat sketch, explain the construction and working of Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM).