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Question Paper Code: 46702

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2020

Sixth Semester

Mechanical Engineering

14UME602 - HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER

(Regulation 2014)

(HMT tables, Steam table, Mollier chart and Psychometric chart are permitted)

Duration: 1:15hrs

Maximum: 30 Marks

PART A - (6 x 1 = 6 Marks)

(Answer any six of the following questions)

1. The conduction heat diffuses in a material when the material has:.

(i) High thermal conductivity

(ii) Low density

(iii) High specific heat

(iv) High viscosity

(a) i and ii

(b) ii and iii

(c) iii and iv

(d) iv and i

2. Fins are made as thin as possible to

(a) reduce the total weight

(b) accommodate more number of fins

(c) increase the which for the same profile area

(d) improve the flow of coolant around the fin

3. The free convection heat transfer is significantly affected by

(a) Reynolds number

(b) Grashoff number

(c) Prandtl number

(d) Stanton number

4. The characteristic length for computing Grashof number in the case of horizontal cylinder is
- (a) The length of the cylinder (b) The diameter of the cylinder
(c) The perimeter of the cylinder (d) The radius of the cylinder
5. The steam condenser in a thermal power plant is heat exchanger of the type
- (a) direct contact (b) regenerator
(c) recuperator (d) none of these
6. In a heat exchanger with one fluid evaporating or condensing, the surface area required is least in
- (a) parallel flow (b) counter flow
(c) cross flow (d) all the above
7. What is the basic equation of radiation from which all other equations of radiation equations can be derived
- (a) Stefan-Boltzman equation (b) Plancks equation
(c) Wiens equation (d) Rayleigh-Jeans formula
8. A radiation shield should
- (a) Have high transmissivity
(b) absorb all the radiations
(c) Have high reflective power
(d) partly absorb and partly transmit the incident radiation
9. Eddy diffusion takes place when fluids are in
- (a) Laminar motion (b) Turbulent motion
(c) Uniform motion (d) Unsteady motion
10. The dimensionless number related to mass transfer is
- (a) Prandtl Number (b) Nusselt Number
(c) Sherwood Number (d) Reynolds number

PART – B (3 x 8= 24 Marks)

(Answer any three of the following questions)

11. The boiler furnace has the effective dimensions $4\text{m} \times 3\text{m} \times 3\text{m}$ high. The walls are constructed from an inner firebrick wall 25 cm thick ($k=0.4 \text{ W/mK}$), a layer of ceramic blanket insulation ($k=0.2 \text{ W/mK}$) 8 cm thick and a steel protective layer ($k=54 \text{ W/mK}$) 2mm thick. The insulated temperature of the firebrick layer was measured as 600°C and the temperature of outside insulation as 60°C . Determine the rate heat loss through the vertical walls of the furnace. Also calculate temperature drop across the steel layer. (8)
12. Air at 8 KN/m^2 and 242°C flows over a flat plate of 0.3 m wide and 1 m long at a velocity of 8 m/sec . If the plate is maintained at a temperature of 75°C . Estimate the heat to be removed continuously from the plate. (8)
13. Air at 120°C is cooled to 50°C by passing through the counter flow that exchanger tubes of 12 mm ID surrounded by water which enters the cooler at 10°C and leaves at 25°C . Find the LMTD. If the air velocity in the tube is limited to 6 m/s , find the length of the tube required. Tube inside heat transfer coefficient is $65 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$ and tube water side heat transfer coefficient is $200 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$, density of air = 2.85 kg/m^3 , for air $C_p = 1.005 \text{ KJ/KgK}$. (8)
14. Three cylinders of thin wall 150 mm , 200 mm and 250 mm in diameters are arranged concentrically. The temperature of the surfaces of 150 mm diameter cylinder and 250 mm diameter cylinder are maintained at 800 k and 200 k respectively. Assuming vacuum between the annular spaces, find out the steady state temperature attained by the surfaces of the cylinder whose diameter is 200 mm . Take $\epsilon_1 = \epsilon_2 - \epsilon_2 = 0.005$. Also find the heat loss per m length of the composite cylinder. (8)
15. A vessel contains binary mixture of O_2 and N_2 with partial pressure in the ratio 0.21 and 0.79 at 15°C . The total pressure of the mixture is 1.1 bar. Calculate the following
- (i) Molar concentrations
 - (ii) Mass densities
 - (iii) Mass fractions and
 - (iv) Molar fractions of each species. (8)