Reg. No. :

Question Paper Code: 33323

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2020

Third Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

01UEE323 - ELECTRICAL MACHINES

(Common to Instrumentation and Control Engineering and Mechanical Engineering)

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: 1.15 hrs

Maximum: 30 Marks

PART A - $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ Marks})$

(Answer any six of the following questions)

- 1. Commutators in DC machines have a role of which converts
 - (a) AC to DC (b) both AC to DC and DC to AC
 - (c) high voltage DC to low voltage DC (d) none of these
- 2. In DC generator, lap winding is used in
 - (a) High current and low voltage applications
 - (b) High voltage and low current applications
 - (c) Where constant speed is required
 - (d) Where greater load is connected
- 3. If $V_1 = E_1$ and $V_2 = E_2$ then the transformer is said to be
 - (a) a step up transformer (b) an Ideal transformer
 - (c) an auto transformer (d) a step down transformer

4.	Transformer are rated in KVA instead of KW because of				
	(a) Load power factor is not known(b) KVA is fixed whereas KW depends on load power factor				
	(c) Total transformer loss depends on VA(d) None of these				
5.	In a 3 - Φ induction motor, the maximum torque is				
	(a) Varies as rotor resistance(b) Varies as the square of rotor resistance				
	(c) Varies inversely as rotor resistance(d) Independent rotor resistance				
6.	In an induction motor, what is the ratio of copper loss and rotor input?				
	(a) S	(b) (1 - S)	(c) 1/S	(d) S/(1 - S)	
7.	What is the frequency of a alternator, if $P =$ number of poles and $N =$ revolution made				
	per second?				
	(a) PN / 2 Hz	(b) 120 / PN Hz	(c) 120N / P Hz	(d) 120P / N Hz	
8.	In alternator, the rotary part is				
	(a) Armature(c) Magnetic field	poles	(b) Core (d) None of these		
9.	Type of single phase motor having highest power factor at full load is				
	(a) shaded pole type		(b) capacitor start		
	(c) capacitor run		(d) split phase		
10.	The motor which can produce uniform torque from standstill to synchronous speeds is				
	(a) Universal motor		(b) Stepper motor		
	(c) Reluctance mo	tor	(d) Hysteresis mot	or	
		PART – B (3 x 8	8= 24 Marks)		
	(An	swer any three of the	e following questions)		
11.	. With neat diagram explain the working of 3 point starter.			(8)	
12.	Explain the construction details and working of core type transformer with ne				

13. Describe the constructional features of both squirrel cage induction motor and slip ring induction motor. Discuss the merits one over another. (8)

sketches.

(8)

- 14. Describe the various methods of starting the synchronous motor. (8)
- 15. Briefly eplain the working principle of capacitor start capacitor run induction motors.

(8)