		Reg. No. :							
		Question I	Paper Code	: 91709]				
	E	B.E./B.Tech. DEGRE	E EXAMINA	TION, DEC	- C 202(0			
		Fi	rst Semester	,					
		Computer So	cience and Eng	gineering					
		19UME109 – EN	GINEERING	GRAPHIC	S				
		(Common to EEE, I'	Г, СНЕМІСА	L, AGRI, B	ME)				
		(Reg	gulation 2019)						
Dur	ation: 1:15hrs			Ν	Iaxin	num:	30 N	/larks	
		PART A	- (6 x 1 = 6 M	arks)					
		(Answer any six	of the followi	ng question	s)				
1.	First angle projection is commonly used in								CO1- R
	(a) United States	and Canada	(b) Europ	e and Asia					
	(c) Latin America	l	(d) None	of these					
2.	Hatching lines are	e drawn at degree	e to reference	line.					CO1- R
	(a) 30	(b) 45	(c) 60			(d) 9	0		
3.	The minimum number of orthographic view required to represent a solid on a flat surface is								CO2- U
	(a) 1	(b) 3	(c) 2			(d) 4			
4.	Front view of a cube resting on HP on one of its faces, and CO2- U another face parallel of VP, is								
	(a) Rectangle	(b) Square	(c) Parall	elogram		(d) A	ll the	e abo	ve
5.	To find the true shape of the section, it must be projected onCO3-Ua plane parallel to the plane							CO3-U	
	(a) Profile	(b) Vertical	(c) Sectio	on		(d) A	uxili	ary	
6.	A cylinder is placed on H.P on its base and section plane is CO3-U parallel to V.P cutting the solid the section gives								
	(a) Parabola	(b) Circle	(c) Recta	ngle		(d) E	llipse	e	

7.	The development of the surface of a cube consists of equal squares											
	(a) 4	(b) 6	(c) 8	(d) 12								
8.	The development of	cylinder is a	·		CO4- R							
	(a) Circle	(b) Rectangle	(c) Ellipse	(d) None of the A	Above							
9	The six standard view	ix standard views are known as? CO5-										
	(a) Principal views	(b) Glass box views	(c) Projection view	ws (d) None of	these							
10.	is type of	is type of polyhedron having a base and an apex.										
	(a) Solids of Revolution	(b) Pyramid	(c) Prism	(d) All the al	bove							
	PART – B (3 x 8= 24 Marks)											
	(Answer any three of the following questions)											
11.	A hexagonal pyramid of base edge 40mm and altitude 80mm rests CO1- App (8 on one of its base edges on the HP with its axis inclined at 30° to the HP and parallel to the VP. Draw its plan and elevation.											
12.	A cone of base diameter 50 mm and axis height 60 mm is lying on CO2- App the ground vertically. It is cut by a plane perpendicular to VP and inclined at 45° to HP and cuts the axis at a point 30 mm below the apex. Draw the front view, sectional top view and the true shape of the section											
13.	A right circular cone resting on its base or to the VP and incline the axis of the cone. of the truncated cone	e of base diameter 60 in the ground. It is cut ed at 30° to the HP. Draw the developme e.	mm and height 70 mm by a plane perpendicu The cutting plane bise ent of the lateral surfa	n is CO3- App llar ects ces	(8)							

- 14. A cone of base diameter 50 mm and height 70 mm stands on HP CO4- App (8) with its base. It is cut by a cutting plane inclined at 30° to HP cutting the axis of the cone at a height of 35 mm from its base. Draw the isometric view of the truncated cone.
- 15. The pictorial view of an object is shown in Fig.1. Using the first CO5- App (8) angle orthographic projection, draw its Elevation looking in the direction of arrow, Plan and Left side view. Dimension the views.

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Fig. - 1