		Reg. No. :						
Question Paper Code: 93102								
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2020								
Third Semester								
	Civil Engineering							
19UCE302 – ENGINEERING GEOLOGY AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS								
Dur	(Regulation 2019) Duration: One hour Maximum: 30Marks							
Dui	ation. One nour	PART A - (6)	x = 6 Marks	IVIAAII				
PART A - $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ Marks})$ (Answer any six of the following questions)								
1.	Which one is an Oxi	•		······	CO1- R			
	(a) Quartzites	(b) Calcite	(c) Dolomite	(d) Magnesi	te			
2.	Hardness value of A	ugite is,			CO1- R			
	(a) 5	(b) 4	(c) 10	(d) 7				
3.	Average Radius of t	he earth			CO2-R			
	(a) 6400Km	(b) 6700Km	(c) 6371Km	(d) 6471Kn	1			
4.	Fold is up arched and convex upwards is called CO2-							
	(a) Anticline	(b) Polycline	(c) Monocline	(d) Syncline	e			
5.	The standard size of brick as per Indian standard is CO3-							
	(a) 20*10*10 cm	(b) 23*12*8 cm	(c) 19*9*9 cm	(d) 18*9*9 d	cm			
6.	Water absorption lin	nit for a good quality b	rick is		CO3- R			
	(a) 20%	(b) 10%	(c)5%	(d)25%				
7.	If p is the standard consistency of cement, the amount of water used in CO4-U conducting the initial setting time test on cement is							
	(a) 0.65 p	(b) 0.85p	(c) 0.6p	(d) 0.8p				
8.	Initial Setting time of	f cement is			CO4- R			
	(a) 10 min	(b) 20 min	(c) 30 min	(d) 40 min				
9.	Due to attack of dry	rot, the timber			CO5- U			
	(a) Cracks		(b) Shrinks					

(c) Reduces to powder (d) None of the above

10. Which of the following stresses is used for identifying the quality of structural CO5- U steel?

(a) Ultimate stress (b) Yield stress (c) Proof stress (d) None of the above

$PART - B (3 \times 8 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

(Answer any three of the following questions)

11.	Explain engineering properties of rocks.	CO1- U	(8)
12.	Give a detail note on internal structure of the earth with neat diagram.	CO2- U	(8)
13.	Briefly explain different types of brick masonry with a neat sketch.		(8)
14.	Explain In Detail About Any 5 Types Of Cement.	CO4- U	(8)
15.	Name the various methods of manufacture of steel and explain the	CO5- U	(8)
	Bessemer process.		

