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Question Paper Code: 45104

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2020

Fifth Semester

Civil Engineering

14UCE504 – STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - I

(Regulation 2014)

Duration: One hour

Maximum: 30 Marks

PART A - (6 x 1 = 6 Marks)

(Answer any six of the following questions)

- In a frame, the number of members is sufficient to keep it in equilibrium, and then the frame is said to be
 - Imperfect frame
 - deficient frame
 - Perfect frame
 - redundant frame
- In a truss the member forces are caused by real loads are called as
 - virtual force
 - nominal force
 - imaginary force
 - real force
- Slope at a point in a beam is the
 - vertical displacement
 - angular displacement
 - horizontal displacement
 - none of these
- The bending moment value at simply supported end is
 - Max
 - zero
 - not equal to zero
 - one
- In general slope at Fixed end support is
 - Max
 - zero
 - not equal to zero
 - one
- The proportions of the unbalanced moments carried by each of the members is called as
 - Distribution factor
 - Stiffness factor
 - Flexibility factor
 - Slope deflection factor

7. Select the correct statement

- (a) Flexibility matrix is a square symmetrical matrix
- (b) Stiffness matrix is a square symmetrical matrix
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of these

8. The method of column analogy in structural analysis falls in the category of

- (a) displacement method
- (b) stiffness method
- (c) flexibility method
- (d) finite element method

9. Stiffness method in structural analysis is also known as

- (a) consistent-deformation method
- (b) unit load method
- (c) force method
- (d) displacement method

10. Static indeterminacy for fixed beam is

- (a) 0
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 2

PART – B (3 x 8 = 24 Marks)

(Answer any three of the following questions)

16. Using the principle of virtual work, determine the vertical and horizontal deflection components of joint C of the truss in figure 1. $E = 200 \times 10^6 \text{ kN/m}^2$ and cross sectional area of each bar = $150 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$. (8)

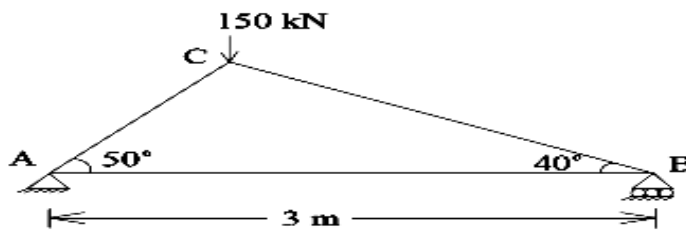
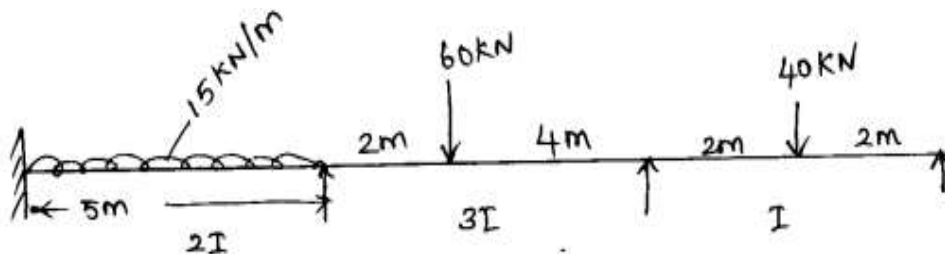


Figure 1

17. Analyse the continuous beam given in figure. By slope deflection method and draw the B.M.D. (8)



18. Analyse the continuous beam loaded as shown in figure 5 by the method of moment distribution. Sketch the bending moment and shear force diagrams. (8)

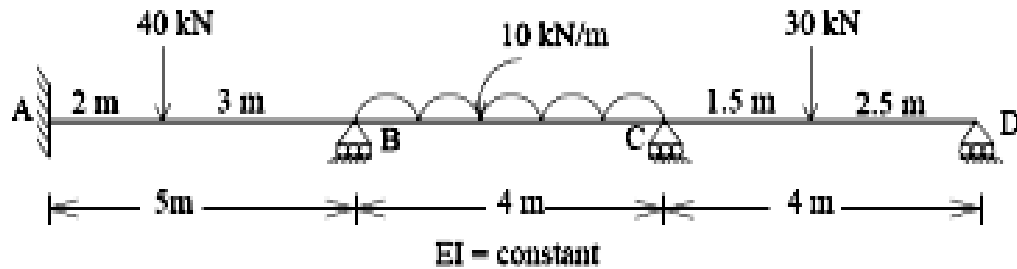
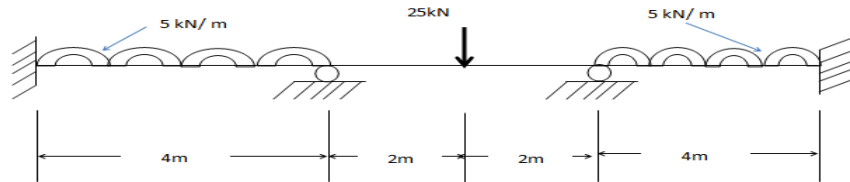


Figure 5

19. Analyse the continuous beam as shown in figure given below by flexibility method. (8)



20. Generate the stiffness matrix for the figure given below with co-ordinates as shown. (8)