	Reg. No.:											
Question Paper Code: 59B04												
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2020												
Elective												
Biomedical Engineering												
15UBM905 – DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEM												
(Regulation 2015)												
Duration: 1.15 hrs Maximum: 30 Marks												
PART A - $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ Marks})$												
(Answer any six of the following questions)												
1.	What are the characteristics of continuou	s rel	ease	syste	ems?						CO	1- R
	(a) Release the drug along the entire leng	th of	GIT	1								
	(b) Prolonged their residence in the GIT a	and 1	eleas	se								
	(c) Release only at a specific drug											
	(d) Release as soon as comes in contact to	o the	sali	va								
2.	What is the characteristic of dissolution of	ontr	olled	l rele	ease	syste	ms?				CO	1- R
	(a) Release the drug along the entire leng	th of	GIT	1								
	(b) Prolonged their residence in the GIT a	and 1	eleas	se								
	(c) Release only at a specific drug											
	(d) Very slow dissolution rate											
3.	What are the characteristics of ion exchar	nge 1	esin	drug	g con	nplex	xes?				CO2	2- R
	(a) Release the drug along the entire leng	th of	GIT	1								
	(b) Hollow systems containing drug surro	ound	ed by	a p	olym	ner m	nemb	rane	;			
	(c) Drug disperse in an insoluble matrix of	of rig	gid h	ydro	phob	oic m	ateri	ials				
	(d) Formation of complexes between the	drug	and	anio	n/ca	tion	exch	ange	e resi	ins		

	(a) Buffering agents that adjust pH to the desired value							
	(b) Drug disperse in an insoluble matrix of rigid hydrophobic materials							
	(c) Generated by swelling hydrophilic hum							
	(d) Formation of complexes between the drug and anion/cation exchange resins							
5.	What does the word parenteral mean?			CO3- R				
	(a) taken orally							
	(b) taken with supervision							
	(c) taken without passing through the d	ligestive system						
	(d) taken rectally							
6.	Three different approaches for maintain are	ning solid particl	es in a liquid	CO3- R				
	(a) Stokes's law	(b) floccula	ation					
	(c) structured vehicle	(d) All the	above					
7.	Which of the following drugs cannot be administration?	e given as transd	ermal	CO4- R				
	(a) Drugs with very short half-lives	(b) Drugs with	narrow therapeution	cindices				
	(c) Easy removal and termination	(d) Drugs again	st peptic ulcer					
8.	The absorption of the ophthalmic drug following?	does not depend	on which of the	CO4- R				
	(a) Physicochemical properties of the p	ermeating molec	ule					
	(b) Drainage of tears							
	(c) Output of tears							
	(d) Size of the eyeball							
9.	The body's natural immune system is u	ised in which typ	e of targeting	CO5- R				
	(a) Active (b	) Passive	(c) Physical	(d) Dual				
10.	Organ compartmentalization is which t	type of targeting		CO5- R				
	(a) First order targeting	(b) Second order targeting						
	(c) Third order targeting	(d) None of the aboveg						

PART – B (3 x 8= 24 Marks)

(Answer any three of the following questions)

- 11. Discuss in detail about physiochemical properties of drug molecule CO1- U influencing the design and performance of sustained release drug delivery system
- 12. Discuss the design and development of oral controlled release drug CO2- U administration (8)
- 13. Explain the significance of photography and videography while CO3-U (8) examining the crime scene.
- 14. Explain the necessity of blood spatter analysis and steps involved in it. CO4- U (8)
- 15. Explain the role of modus operandi bureau in crime investigation of CO5- U road accidents. (8)