		Reg. No. :								
		Question Pa	per Co	ode: 5	4A05					
	B.E.	/ B.Tech. DEGREE	EXAMI	NATIO	DN, DE	C 202	20			
		Fourt	h Semest	er						
		Agricultu	ral Engin	eering						
	15UAG4	405- FUNDAMEN	FALS OF	THEF	RMODY	'NAI	MICS	5		
		(Regul	lation 20	15)						
	(Provide So	cientific Calculator,	Steam ta	ble & I	Psychron	netri	c Cha	urt)		
Dura	ation: 1:15hrs		Maximum: 30 Marks							
		PART A - ($(6 \times 1 = 6)$	Marks	5)					
		(Answer any six of	the follo	wing q	uestion	s)				
1.	The first law of them	modynamics is law	r of CO						CO1-F	
	(a) Conversion of mass		(b) Conversion of energy							
	(c) Conversion of momentum		(d) Conversion of heat							
2.	Which of the following is true in regard to the energy of an isolated CO system?						CO1-F			
	(a) $dQ \neq 0$ (b) dV	$W \neq 0$ (c)) E=cor	nstant		(d) al	ll of t	he m	entio	ned	
3.	A Carnot engine operates between 327 ⁰ and 27 ⁰ . If the engine CO2-F produces 300KJ of work, the entropy change during heat addition is								CO2-R	
	(a) 0.5KJ/K	(b)1 KJ/K	(c)1	.5KJ/K			(d)	2KJ/	K	
4. A serious of operations, which take place in a certain order and restore the initial condition is known as									CO2-F	
	(a) reversible cycle		(b) i	(b) irreversible cycle						
	(c) Thermodynamic cycle		(d) non of the above							
5.	Thermal power plant works on						CO3-F			
	(a) Carnot cycle	(c) I	(c) Rankine cycle (d) Otto cycl						le	
6.	The point at which	three phases of wat	er vapou	r exist	s is call	ed as				CO3-F

7.	The heating and expanding of gas is called										
	(a) Thermodynamic system	(b) Thermodynamic cycle	2								
	(c) Thermodynamic process	(d) Thermodynamic law									
8.	When a real gas undergoes Jou temperature	ule-Thomson expansion the	CO4-R								
	(a) may remain constant	(b) always decrease									
	(c) always increase	(d) may increase or decrea	ise								
9.	When the rate of evaporation of water of the air is	CO5-R									
	(a) 0% (b) 100%	(c) 50%	(d) unpredictable								
10.	The dew point temperature is less than	the wet bulb temperature for	CO5-R								
	(a) saturated air										
	(c) both saturated and unsaturated air										
	PART	– B (3 x 8= 24 Marks)									
	(Answer any three of the following questions)										
11.	In an isentropic flow through nozzle kg/hr. At inlet to the nozzle, pressure 127°C. The exit pressure is 0.5 MPa. I Determine (i) Exit velocity of air (ii) Inlet and exit area of nozzle	CO1-App (8)									
12.	A reversible heat engine operates betw and 27 ° C engines drives a reversib between reservoirs at temperature of transfer to the engine is 2000kJ ar combined cycle is 300kJ. (a) How much heat is transferred determine the total that rejected to the (b) If the efficiency of the heat engine each 40% of their maximum values, refrigerator and also heat rejected to the	CO2-App (8)									

- 13 In a thermal power plant operating on a Rankine cycle, superheated CO3-Ana (8) steam at 50 bar and 500 °C enters the turbine, the isentropic efficiency of which is 0.8. The condenser pressure is 0.05 bar and it delivers the saturated liquid to a feed pump, the isentropic efficiency of which is 0.7. Determine the thermal efficiency of the power plant and the mass flow rate of steam required for 50MW net power generation.
- 14. Derive Maxwell's equationCO4-U(8)
- 15. Consider a room that contains air at 1atm, 35°C and 40% relative CO5-U (8) humidity. Using psychometric chart determine i. The specific humidity ii. The enthalpy iii. The wet- bulb temperature iv. The dry-bulb temperature v. Specific volume of air.