A		Reg. No. :									]
		Question Pape	er Co	de: 5	5971	1					
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2019											
Elective											
Mechanical Engineering											
15UME911 - UNCONVENTIONAL MACHINING PROCESS											
		(Regula	tion 2	015)							
Duration: Three hours Maximum: 10 Answer ALL Questions								00 M	larks		
PART A - $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$								(			
1.	<ul><li>Which process is best suited for producing micro holes?</li><li>(a) Laser beam Machining</li><li>(b) Abrasive jet machining</li></ul>								C	CO1- R	
	(a) Laser beam Mach	-						-			
	(c) Elector chemical										
2.	Non-Traditional machining can also be called as?						C	CO1- R			
	(a) Contact Machining			(b) Non-contact machining							
	(c) Partial contact ma	ontact machining (d) Half contact machining									
3.	What is the velocity of water jet stream in water jet machining?								C	CO2- R	
	(a) 100 m/sec	(b) 300 m/sec		(c) 70	00 m/s	sec			(d)	900	m/sec
4.	Ultrasonic Machining can be used for which of the following processes and CO2- F applications?						202- R				
	(a) Drilling		(b)	Sinki	ng an	d co	ntour	ing			
	(c) Polishing		(d)	Allo	f the a	abov	e				
5.	Which type of electrode is used for drilling in Electro discharge machining? CO3						CO3- R				
	(a) Flat electrode		(b)	Cubo	idal e	lectr	ode				
	(c) Tubular electrode		(d)	Sphe	rical e	electi	rode				

6.	In wire cut EDM the electrode is a CO3- R							
	(a) Copper bar (b) Thin sheet (c) Tungsten plate (d) Thin wire							
7.	With an increase in unmanned machining hours, what happens to the CO4-R efficiency of ECM?							
	(a) Increases (b) Reduces (c) Increase and then decrease (d) Decreases							
8.	The grinding wheel used in the ECG process is of which charge given CO4- R below?							
	(a) Positive charge (b) Negative charge (c) Neutral charge (d) All of the above							
9.	he process utilizing mainly thermal energy for removing material is CO5- R							
	(a) Ultrasonic machining (b) Electrochemical machining							
	(c) Laser beam machining (d) Abrasive jet machining							
10.	Which of the following are the properties of a laser? CO5-							
	(a) Highly collimated (b) Monochromatic (c) Coherent light beam (d) All of the above							
$PART - B (5 \times 2 = 10 \text{Marks})$								
11.	Distinguish traditional and non-traditional machining. CO1 R							
12.	List the applications of WJM. CO							
13.	Define tool wear. How do you prevent it? CO3 R							
14.	Define etchants and maskant. CO4 R							
15.	State the working Principle of Plasma arc Machining Process. CO5 R							
	PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)							
16.	(a) Analyze the process capabilities and process economy of different CO1-U (16) unconventional machining processes in detail.							
	Or							
	(b) Explain the factors that should be considered during the selection of CO1-U (16) an appropriate unconventional machining process for a given job.							
17.	a) Discuss in detail the working principle of Abrasive jet machining CO2-U (16) process and explain briefly how its various parameters influence the material removal rate.							

Or

- (b) Discuss the USM process parameters on machinability of different CO2-U (16) materials and also explain USM with neat sketches.
- 18. (a) Describe the wire cut EDM equipment, its working applications and CO3- U (16) advantages.

Or

- (b) Demonstrate the process parameters and process capabilities of EDM CO3- U (16) and also discuss the various electrode materials used in EDM process.
- 19. (a) With the help of a simple diagram, explain briefly the working of CO4-U (16) electro chemical machining process.

## Or

- (b) Explain how water based maskant used for chemical milling and CO4-U (16) etching process.
- 20. (a) Explain with a neat sketch, the working principle of Electron CO5-U (16) Beam Machining process. And also list its applications.

## Or

(b) Compare the LBM, PAM and EBM in terms of process capabilities CO5-U (16) and limitations.