Question Paper Code: 34802

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2019

Fourth Semester

Information Technology

01UIT402 - ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF ALGORITHMS

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: Three hours

Answer ALL Questions.

Maximum: 100 Marks

PART A - (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1. What is meant by linear search?
- 2. What do you mean by an algorithm?
- 3. Differentiate time complexity from space complexity.
- 4. Write general plan for analyzing non-recursive algorithms.
- 5. What is the quick sort?
- 6. Define Brute force algorithm.
- 7. Differentiate greedy method and dynamic programming.
- 8. Define Warshall's algorithm.
- 9. State subset sum problem.
- 10. Define NP Hard and NP Completeness.

PART - B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

11. (a) (i) What are the sequence of steps in designing and analyzing the algorithm? (10)

(ii) What is Worst - Case, Best - Case and Average - Case Efficiency? (6)

Or

- (b) Explain all asymptotic notations used in algorithm analysis. (16)
- 12. (a) (i) Write a recursive algorithm to find sum of the first n cubes and obtain its time complexity. (10)
 - (ii) Suggest a general plan for analyzing the efficiency of recursive algorithms. (6)

Or

- (b) Write a non-recursive algorithm to find whether the elements in a array are unique. Also analyze its efficiency. (16)
- 13. (a) Explain divide and conquer method with merge sort algorithm. Give an example. (16)

Or

- (b) Give a suitable example and explain the depth first search algorithm. (16)
- 14. (a) Explain any five swing components that can be used in layout with suitable example program. (16)

Or

- (b) Define the three variations of transform and conquer algorithms. Construct an AVL tree for the list 5, 6, 8, 3, 2, 4, 7 by successive insertions. State four rotation types used in the construction of the AVL tree and explain the same.
- 15. (a) Explain backtracking concept and apply same to n-Queen's problem. (16)

Or

(b) Solve the given knapsack problem using greedy technique, n = 3, m = 20, (p1, p2, p3) = (25, 24, 15), (w1, w2, w3) = (18, 15, 10) and analyze algorithm time complexity. (16)