A		Reg. No. :											
Question Paper Code: 55302													
	B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2019												
	Fifth Semester												
	Electrical and Electronics Engineering												
	1	15UEE502 - POWE	R SY	STE	EM A	NAI	LYS	IS					
_		(Regulation 2015)											
Dur	ation: Three hours	Maximu Answer ALL Questions						ım:	100 N	Aarks			
		PART A - (1	0 x 1	= 1() Ma	rks)							
1.	What is the per unit im	pedance Z(Pu) in a	three	e pha	se sy	vsten	n?					С	01 - R
	(a) ($Z * (MVA)_B) / (K$	$(V)^2$		(b) (1	000	* (K	V) _B)	/√3	I_B			
	(c) $(Z * (KV)^2) / (MV)$	/A) _B		(d) N	one	of th	e abo	ove				
2.	What is the formula to	calculate the (kV)E	on t	he L	T see	ction	?					С	01 - R
	(a) (kV)B onHT sectio	n * (HT voltage rating) / (LT voltage rating)											
	(b) (kV)B on LT section * (HT voltage rating) / (LT voltage rating)												
	(c) (kV)B on HT section * (LT voltage rating) / (HT voltage rating)												
	(d) (kV)B on LT section * (LT voltage rating) / (HT voltage rating)												
3.	What is infinite bus in power system?								С	02- R			
	(a) A large system with infinite voltage												
	(b) A large system in which the voltage and frequency varies												
	(c) A large system whose voltage and frequency remains constant throughout												
	(d) Both (a) and (b)												
4.	What type of convergence takes place in NR method?							С	02 - R				
	(a) Linear convergence	2		(b) G	eom	etric	conv	verge	ence			
	(c) Quadratic convergence (d) All of the above												

5.	What will be the value C and ground?	ines B,	CO3- R				
	(a) Ia = 1	(b) Ia = 0	(c) Ia = ∞ ,	(d) $Ia = -(1)$	lb + Ic)		
6.	Four identical alternators each are rated for 20 MVA, 11 KV having a cO3- R subtransient reactance of 16% are working in parallel. The short circuit level at the busbar is						
	(a) 500 MVA	(b) 400 MVA	(c) 125 MVA	(d) 10	00 MVA		
7.	What is the fault current expression in case of LLG faults? CO4- R						
	(a) $I_f = 3 Ia1$	(b) $I_f = 0$	(c) $I_f = 3 Ia0$	(d) I_f	= Ia1		
8.	What percentage of faul	lts occurring is single	line to ground fault?		CO4- R		
	(a) 50 %	(b) 60 %	(c) 35 %	(d) 70) %		
9.	Why are the series capa	citors used?			CO5- R		
	(a) Improve the voltage						
	(b) Reduce the fault level						
	(c) Improves the power	factor					
	(d) Compensate for line	inductive reactance	and improve the stability	of the power s	ystem		
10.	Which among these is power system?	related to the critic	al clearing time of a fau	ılt in a	CO5- R		
	(a) Transient stability li	mit	(b) Steady state sta	(b) Steady state stability limit			
	(c) Frequency limit		(d) All of these				
		PART – B (5 x	2= 10 Marks)				
11.	Define per unit value o impedance for a three p	f an electrical quantit hase power system.	y and write the equation	for base	CO1-R		
12.	. What is slack bus? Explain why one of the bus in the system is taken as slack bus in load flow studies?						
13.	What is symmetrical fa	ult?			CO3-R		
14.	What are the symmetrie	cal components of a t	hree phase system?		CO4-R		
15.	State equal area criterio	on.			CO5-R		

PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)

16. (a) Draw the per unit reactance diagram for the power systems shown CO1-App (16) below. Neglect resistance and use a base of 100MVA, 220KV in 50 ohms line. The ratings of the generator, motor and transformers are



- G: 40MVA, 25KV, X'' = 20%
- M: 50MVA, 11KV, X'' = 30%
- T₁: 40MVA, 33 Y/ 220Y KV, X = 15%
- T₂: 30MVA, 11 Δ / 220Y KV, X = 15%

Or

(b) Draw the network and find bus admittance matrix for the parameters CO1- App (16) of 4-bus system are as given below.

Line starting bus	Line ending bus	Line impedance	Line charging Admittance		
1	2	0.2+j0.8	j0.02		
2	3	0.3+j0.9	j0.03		
2	4	0.25+j1.0	j0.04		
3	4	0.2+j0.8	j0.02		
1	3	0.1+j0.4	j0.01		

17. (a) The system data for a load flow solution are given in table1 & table CO2- App (16) II. Determine the voltages at the end of first iteration by Gauss-Seidel method. Take $\alpha = 1.6$.

Line Admittances

Buscode	Admittance
1-2	2-j8
1-3	1-j4
2-3	0.666-j2.664
2-4	1-j4
3-4	2-j8

Bus Specifications

Bus code	Р	Q	V	Remarks				
1	-	-	$1.06 \angle 0^0$	Slack				
2	0.5	0.2	-	PQ				
3	0.4	0.3	-	PQ				
4	0.3	0.1	-	PQ				
Or								

- (b) Develop an algorithm and draw an flow chart for the solution of load CO2- App (16) flow problem by Newton Raphson(NR) method.
- 18. (a) For a radial network shown below a three phase fault occur at F. CO3- App (16) Determine the fault current and the line voltage at 11 KV bus under fault conditions.



- Or
- (b) A symmetrical fault occurs at bus 4 for the system shown below. CO3- App (16) Determine the fault current and post fault voltages using Z bus building algorithm.



G1,G2: 100MVA,20kV,X=15% Transformer leakage: X_{leakage}=9% L1,L2: X=10%

19. (a) A salient – pole generator without dampers is rated 20 MVA, 13.8 CO4- App (16) kV and has a direct axis subtransient reactance of 0.25 per unit. The negative and zero sequence reactance's are 0.35 and 0.10 per unit respectively. The neutral of the generator is solidly grounded. Determine the sub- transient current in the generator and the line – to – line voltages for subtransient conditions when a single line – to – ground fault occurs at the generator terminals with generator operating unloaded at rated voltage. Neglect resistance.

Or

- (b) Derive the necessary equation to determine the fault current for a CO4- App (16) single line to ground fault. Draw a diagram showing the interconnection of sequence networks.
- 20. (a) A there phase fault is applied at the point P as shown in Fig. Find the CO5- App (16) critical clearing angle for clearing the fault with simultaneous opening of the breakers 1 and 2. The reactance values of various components are indicated in the diagram. The generator is delivering 1.0 p.u power at the instant preceding the fault.



Or

(b) Derive the swing equation of single machine connected to a infinite CO5- App (16) bus and draw the swing curve.