A		Reg. No. :											
	Question Paper Code: 54B04												
	B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV 2019												
		Fourth S	eme	ester									
		Biomedical	Eng	inee	ring								
	15UBM	404 - PRINCIPLES O	F SI	GN	ALS	AN	D SY	STE	EMS				
		(Regulati	ion (	2015	0								
Dura	Duration: Three hours				Maximum: 100 Marks								
		PART A - (10 x	x 1 =	= 10	Mar	ks)							
1.	Periodic signals are											CO1	
	(a) $x(t+T) = X(t)$	(b) $x(t-T) = x(t)$	(c	c) x(r	n+m	N) =	x[n]		(d) /	All tł	ne ab	ove	
2.	Power signals are this	s signals with										CO1	
	(a) $0 < E < \infty, P = 0$	(b) $0 < E < \infty, P = \infty$	(c	:) 0 <	< P <	<∞, E	$\zeta = \infty$		(d)	0 < P	•<∞	E = 0	
3.	Laplace transform of $x(t) = t$ is									CO2-			
	(a) $\frac{2}{s^2}$	$(b)\frac{1}{s^2}$	(c	$s^2$ ) $s^2$					$(d)\frac{1}{s}$	- - 1			
4.	Phase spectrum $\Phi(\omega)$ is an										CO2		
	(a) Even function		(t	) Od	ld F	uncti	on						
	(c) Both (a) and (b)		(d	l) Ne	eithe	r eve	en no	r odo	l fun	oction	n		
5.	Impulse response is the output of system due to impulse input applied at time=0?						lse				CO3		
	(a) Linear		(	b) T	ime	vary	ing						
	(c) Time invariant		(	d) L	inea	r and	l time	e inv	ariaı	nt			
6.	Find the convolution (2, 1, 4).	and the convolution sum of sequences $x1[n] = (1, 2, 3)$ and $x2[n] = CO(1, 4)$ .										CO3	
	(a) {2, 5, 12, 11, 12}	(b) {2, 12, 5, 11, 12}	} (	c) {2	2, 11	, 5, 1	12, 12	2}	(d) {	[-2, 5	5,-12	, 11, 1	
7.	Aliasing occurs when	sampling frequency v	N <sub>s</sub>									CO4	

7. Aliasing occurs when sampling frequency  $w_s$ 

(b)  $w_s \ge 2w_m$  (c)  $w_s \ge w_m$ (d)  $w_s < 2w_m$ (a)  $w_s = 0$ 

8. z- transforms of x[-n] is

- (a) -x(z) (b) x(-z) (c)  $x\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$  (d)  $\frac{1}{x(z)}$
- 9. If x[n] is real and odd, then its discrete Fourier series coefficient  $c_k$  CO5-R will be
  - (a) real (b) odd (c) imaginary (d) both (a) and (c)
- 10. Z transforms of nx[n] is

(a) 
$$\frac{dX(z)}{dz}$$
 (b)  $z\frac{dX(z)}{dz}$  (c)  $\frac{d^2X(z)}{dz^2}$  (d)  $-z\frac{dX(z)}{dz}$ 

$$PART - B (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)$$

What is a random signal? Give an example.
What is the condition for the existence of Fourier series for a signal?
Will there be two different signals having same Laplace transform? Give an example. How do you differentiate these two signals?
State and prove the time folding property of Z – transform.
Write the condition for stability of a DT – LTI system with respect to the position of poles.

$$PART - C (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$$

16. (a) (i) How the unit impulse function δ(t), unit step function u (t) and CO1-App (8) ramp function r (t) can be related? Also give the Mathematical representation and graphical representation of the above three functions.

(ii) Determine whether the following signals is periodic. If a CO1-App (8) signal is periodic, determine its fundamental period.

(a) 
$$x(t) = \cos \frac{\pi}{3} t + \sin \frac{\pi}{4} t$$
  
(b)  $x[n] = \cos \frac{n}{4}$ 

Or

- (b) Determine whether the system y[n] = 2x(n-2) is memory less, CO1-App (16) causal, linear, time invariant, invertible and stable. Justify your answers.
- 17. (a) Obtain the Fourier co-efficient and write the quadrature form of a CO2-Ana (16) fully rectified sine wave.

Or

CO<sub>5</sub>-R

(i) 
$$x(s) = \frac{1 - 2s^2 - 14s}{s(s+3)(s+4)}$$

(ii) 
$$x(s) = \frac{2s^2 + 10s + 7}{(s+1)(s^2 + 3s + 2)}$$

18. (a) (i) Using Laplace transform of x(t). Give the pole – zero plot and CO3-App (10) find ROC of the signal x(t).  $x(t) = e^{-b|t|}$  For both b>0 and b<0.

(ii) Find the condition for which Fourier transform exists for x(t). CO3-App (6) Find the Laplace transform of x(t) and its ROC.  $X(t) = e^{-at}u(-t)$ .

## Or

(b) An LTI system is represented by  $\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) + 4 \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + 4y(t) = x(t)$  (16) with initial condition y(0) = 0; y'(0) = 1; Find the output of the system, when the input is  $x|t| = e^{-1}u(t)$ .

## Or

(b) Find inverse z-transform of X(z) =  $\frac{z^{-1}}{1 - 0.25z^{-1} - 0.375z^{-2}}$  CO4-App (16)

For ROC |z| > 0.75; ROC |z| < 0.5

20. (a) Convolve the following sequences CO5-App (16)  $x[n] = a^n u[n], a < 1$ 

h[n] = u[n]

## Or

(b) For a causal LTI system the input x(n) and output y(n) are related CO5-App (16) through a difference equation  $y(n) - \frac{1}{6}y(n-1) - \frac{1}{6}y(n-2) = x(n)$ . Determine the frequency response  $H(e^{jw})$  and the impulse response h(n) of the system.