Reg. No. :	
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## **Question Paper Code: 50732**

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2017

Third Semester

### Mechanical Engineering

### 15UME302 - MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY - I

(Regulation 2015)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

#### PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

- 1. Riddle is used for
  - (a) smoothing and cleaning out depressions in the mould
  - (b) cleaning the moulding sand
  - (c) moistening the sand around the edge before removing pattern
  - (d) reinforcement of sand in the top part of moulding box
- 2. The purpose of gate is to
  - (a) deliver molten metal into the mould cavity
  - (b) acts as reservoir for the molten metal
  - (c) feed the molten metal to the casting in order to compensate for the shrinkage
  - (d) deliver the molten metal from pouring basin to gate
- 3. Thermit, used in thermit welding, is a mixture of
  - (a) charcoal and iron oxide (b) char coal and aluminium
  - (c) iron oxide and aluminimum (d) char coal, iron oxide and aluminimum
- 4. The flux commonly used in brazing is
  - (a) zinc chloride (b) ammonium chloride
  - (c) rosin plus alcohol (d) borox

0.	The temperature at with	ten the new grains a				
	<ul><li>(a) lower critical temperature</li><li>(c) eutectic temperature</li></ul>		<ul><li>(b) upper critical temperature</li><li>(d) recrystallization temperature</li></ul>			
6.	5. The process extensively used for making bolts and nuts is					
	(a) hot piecing	(b) extrusion	(c) cold peening	(d) cold heading		
7.	7. The operation of producing cup shaped parts from flat sheet metal blanks by bending and plastic flow of metal, is known as					
	(a) drawing	(b) squeezing	(c) coining	(d) planishing		
8.	8. The operation of cutting of a flat sheet to the desired shape is called					
	(a) shearing	(b) piercing	(c) punching	(d) blanking		
9.	9. The process of producing thin sheets by squeezing the thermoplastic material between revolving cylinders is known as					
<ul><li>(a) Transfer moulding</li><li>(c) blow moulding</li></ul>		<ul><li>(b) injection moulding</li><li>(d) calendering</li></ul>				
10. Which process is used to manufacture plastic bottels						
<ul><li>(a) injection moulding</li><li>(c) blow moulding</li></ul>		<ul><li>(b) compression moulding</li><li>(d) vacuum forming</li></ul>				
		PART - B (5 x 2	2 = 10 Marks)			
11.	What is the function of	core prints?				
12.	State the principle of re	esistance welding.				
13.	What are the disadvant	ages of forging proc	ess?			
14.	What is stretch forming	g?				
15.	What is thermoforming	<u>z</u> ?				
		PART - C (5 x 1	6 = 80 Marks)			
16. (a) Describe the various defects, causes and remedies in a casting process. (16)						
Or						
	(b) Explain shell moulding with neat sketches from the point of process, product and					
	(c) England short mou	awing min neur sher	enes nom me pome	or process, product and		

5. The temperature at which the new grains are formed in the metal is called

(b) Explain shell moulding with neat sketches from the point of process, product and applications. (16)

17. (a) Explain the metal arc welding process with neat sketch.						
Or						
(b) Describe the electron beam welding process with a neat sketch.	(16)					
18. (a) Explain the basic forging operations with suitable sketches.	(16)					
Or						
(b) Explain hot and cold extrusion with neat sketch.	(16)					
19. (a) Write short notes on (1) magnetic pulse forming (2) rubber pad forming.	(16)					
Or						
(b) With the help of a neat diagram, discuss explosive forming process.	(16)					
20. (a) With suitable sketches, explain the process of thermoforming.	(16)					
Or						
(b) With simple sketches, explain the sequence of operations in transfer moulding thermosetting process.	g for (16)					

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