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# Question Paper Code: 21391

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2013.

#### Third Semester

### Electrical and Electronics Engineering

# EE 2201/EE 33/EI 1202/10133 EE 302/080280016 — MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

(Regulation 2008/2010)

(Common to PTEE 2201 — Measurements and Instrumentation for B.E. (Part-Time)
Third Semester Electrical and Electronics Engineering – Regulation 2009)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

### Answer ALL questions.

### $PART A - (10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. The expected value of the voltage across a resistor is 40V. However the measurement gives a value of 39V. Calculate the absolute error.
- 2. What are the various important functional elements of a typical measurement system?
- 3. Draw the circuit of a basic DC voltmeter.
- 4. Discuss in brief about the hysteresis in B-H curve.
- 5. How does a Hay's bridge differ from Maxwell's bridge? What is its uniqueness?
- 6. Which instrument is used for measuring very high resistances found in cable insulations?
- 7. What are the various components of a recording instrument?
- 8. Reason out why today's commercial LED monitor have become more popular than their LCD counterparts.
- 9. What is known as thermocouple effect and how do you use it in a transducer?
- 10. When do you call an instrument to be intelligent?

## PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

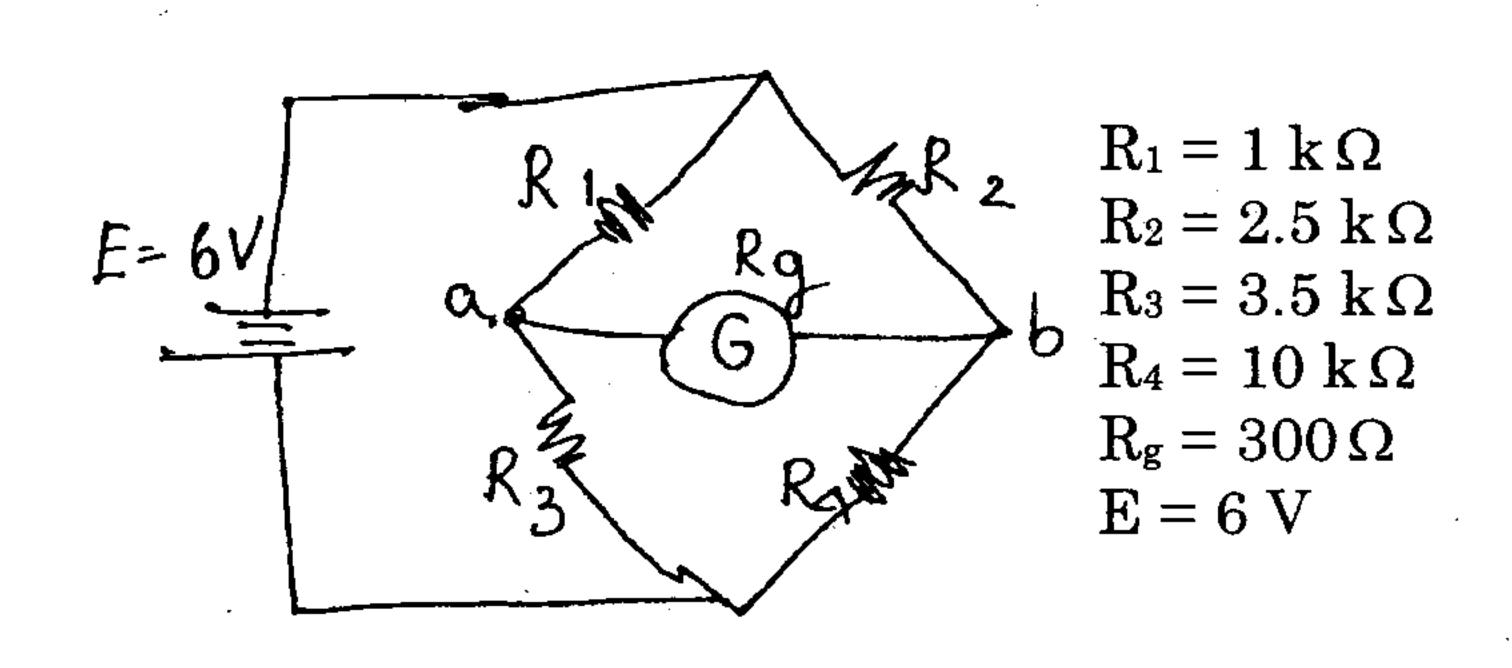
11. (a) Summarise the static and dynamic characteristics of instruments.

Or

- (b) (i) How is the statistical analysis of measurement data performed?
  - (ii) For the given data calculate any three statistically analysed values  $x_1 = 49.7$ ;  $x_2 = 50.1$ ;  $x_3 = 50.2$ ;  $x_4 = 49.6$ ;  $x_5 = 49.7$ .
- 12. (a) (i) What are the main considerations in selecting a voltmeter. (8)
  - (ii) With a neat block diagram of a digital multimeter explain their working principle. (8)

Or

- (b) On what principle a digital frequency meter works? Explain with neat diagrams.
- 13. (a) An unbalanced wheatstone bridge is given below in Fig. 13 (a). Calculate the current through the galvanometer.



Or

- (b) (i) Give the construction of a Anderson's bridge and derive its balance conditions. (10)
  - (ii) Write a detailed technical note on grounding techniques. (6)
- 14. (a) What is the advantage of using a magnetic tape reorder? Explain how the tape reorder works with suitable diagrams. (16)

Or

- (b) Bring out how data loggers measure and record data effortlessly, accurately and quickly explaining the working of them. (16)
- 15. (a) Explain the classification of transducers and discuss about the selection criteria for them.

Or

- (b) Explain the following:
  - (i) Piezoelectric transducers
  - (ii) Smart sensors.