

6. Let CO3- R
- $$Y(z) = \frac{z}{(z-1)^2}. \text{ Then } f(n) = \text{-----, where } Z\{f(n)\} = Y(z)$$
- (a) 1 (b) n (c) n^2 (d) n^3
7. CO3- R
- $$\sum_{r=0}^n f(r)g(n-r) =$$
- (a) $f(n) * g(n)$ (b) $f(n)/g(n)$ $f(n) \cdot g(n)$ (d) $f(n) - g(n)$
8. A solution that contains as many arbitrary constants as there are independent variables is called as CO4- R
- (a) singular integral (b) general integral (c) complete integral (d) particular integral
9. The complete integral of $p - q = 0$ is given by CO4- R
- (a) $a = b + 2$ (b) $a = b + 1$ (c) $a = b$ (d) $a = b - 1$
10. Form the p.d.e by eliminating the function from $z = ax + by + f(xy)$ CO4- R
- (a) $px - qy = xy$ (b) $px - qy = -xy$ (c) $px - qy = 0$ (d) $px - qy = x - y$

PART – B (3 x 8 = 24 Marks)

(Answer any Three of the following Questions)

11. Find the complex form of Fourier series for the function $f(x)=e^{-x}$ in $-1 < x < 1$. CO1-App (8)
12. Find the sine and cosine transform of e^{-ax} , $a > 0$. Hence, Evaluate CO2 -App (8)
- $$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(x^2 + a^2)^2} dx \quad \text{and} \quad \int_0^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2 + a^2)(x^2 + b^2)}.$$
13. Find $Z^{-1}\left(\frac{z(z^2 - z + 2)}{(z+1)(z-1)^2}\right)$ by using method of partial fraction. CO3- App (8)
14. Solve $y_{n+2} + 6y_{n+1} + 9y_n = 2^n$ given $y_0 = y_1 = 0$, using Z- transform. CO3-App (8)
15. Solve $x(y - z)p + y(z - x)q = z(x - y)$. CO4 -App (8)

