Reg. No.:					

## **Question Paper Code: 45301**

## B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019

Fifth Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

## 14UEE501 - POWER ELECTRONICS

	(Regulation	on 2014)
Du	ration: Three hours	Maximum: 100 Marks
	Answer ALI	Questions
	PART A - (10 x	1 = 10 Marks)
1.	In the active region, while the collector-bais biased.	se junction is biased the base-emitter
	<ul><li>(a) forward, forward</li><li>(c) reverse, forward</li></ul>	<ul><li>(b) forward, reverse</li><li>(d) reverse, reverse</li></ul>
2.	SCR is a device.	
	<ul><li>(a) semi controlled</li><li>(c) un controlled</li></ul>	<ul><li>(b) full controlled</li><li>(d) none of these</li></ul>
3.	The advantage of using free-wheeling diode	e with bridge type ac/dc converter is
	<ul><li>(a) regenerative breaking</li><li>(c) improved power factor</li></ul>	<ul><li>(b) reliable speed control</li><li>(d) reduced cost of system</li></ul>

- 4. In dual converter, the circulating current
  - (a) allows smooth reversal of load current, but increase the response time
  - (b) allows smooth reversal of load current with improved speed of response
  - (c) does not allow smooth reversal of load current, but reduces the response time
  - (d) flows if there is no interconnecting inductor

5.	In dc choppers, per unit ripple is maximum when duty cycle $\alpha$ is							
	(a) 0.2	(b) 0.5	(c) 0.7	(d) 0.8				
6.	Chopper is a							
	(a) AC-DC converter		(b) A	(b) AC-AC converter				
	(c) DC-AC	converter	(d) D	(d) DC-DC converter				
7.	A single phase	voltage-source -	square wave inverte	wave inverter feeds pure inductive load. The				
	Waveform	of the load current	will be					
	(a) Sinusoio	dal	(b) rectangula	(b) rectangular				
	(c) trapezoi	dal	(d) triangular	(d) triangular				
8.	Single phase VSI are mainly used in							
	(a) power s	upplies	(b) U	(b) UPS				
	(c) multilev	el configuration	(d) al	l the above				
9.	The quality of output ac voltage of a cyclo converter is improved with							
	(a) increase in output voltage at reduced frequency							
	(b) increase in output voltage at increased frequency							
	(c) decrease in output voltage at reduced frequency							
	(d) decrease	e in output voltage	at increased frequenc	<sup>2</sup> y				
10.	Which stage of the power supply uses a Zener as the main component?							
	(a) rectifier		(b) vo	oltage divider				
	(c) regulato	or	(d) fil	lter				
		PART	- B (5 x $2 = 10$ Mark	rs)				
11.	Define latching	current and holdin	g current					
12.	2. Mention some of the applications of controlled rectifier							
13.	3. List out the applications of chopper.							
14.	Compare VSI a	nd CSI.						
15.	What are the ad	lvantages and disad	vantages of ac voltag	ge controllers?				

## PART - C (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

16. (a) Discuss the operating principle, output and switching characteristics of power MOSFET. (16)

Or

- (b) Explain the structure, different modes of operation, characteristics and applications of TRIAC. (16)
- 17. (a) Describe using a power circuit and relevant waveforms the working of a single phase fully controlled half wave rectifier with RL load and derive its average and RMS output voltage. (16)

Or

- (b) Explain the operation of three phase full converter and also derive the expression for its advantage output voltage. (16)
- 18. (a) Explain the working of current commutated chopper with aid of circuit diagram and necessary waveforms. (16)

Or

- (b) Explain the operation of boost and buck-boost converter with neat circuit diagrams and waveforms. (16)
- 19. (a) With neat diagram describe 120° mode operation of single phase inverter. (16)

Or

- (b) Draw the circuit diagram of Current source inverter and explain its operation with relevant waveforms. (16)
- 20. (a) Write short note on the following:
  - (i) Integral cycle control
  - (ii) Multi stage sequence control
  - (iii) Step up cyclo converter
  - (iv) Matrix converter (16)

Or

(b) Draw the circuit diagram of three phase to single phase cyclo converter and explain its operation with its necessary waveforms. (16)