# **Question Paper Code: 35305**

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019

Fifth Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

01UEE505 - PROTECTION AND SWITCHGEAR

(Regulation 2013)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

PART A - (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1. Discuss the need for protective scheme.
- 2. Differentiate positive and negative sequence components.
- 3. Compare static and electromagnetic relay.
- 4. State R-X diagram.
- 5. What are the limitations of Buchholz relay?
- 6. Why the secondary of a Current Transformer should not be open circuited?
- 7. Define static relay.
- 8. Mention the advantages of static over current relay.
- 9. List the demerits of MOCB.
- 10. Give the significance characteristics of  $SF_6$  gas.

# PART - B ( $5 \times 16 = 80$ Marks)

11. (a) Explain in detail the nature and causes of faults?

### Or

- (b) Discuss and compare the various methods of neutral earthing. (16)
- 12. (a) With the neat diagram explain the construction and operation of an induction type directional over current relay. (16)

## Or

- (b) Explain the principles of distance relays stating clearly the difference between impedance relay, reactance relay and mho relay. Indicate the difference on R-X diagrams and show where each type is suitable. (16)
- 13. (a) (i) Discuss with a neat electrical diagram the percentage differential relay used for the protection scheme, and explain how the current transformers are connected? (10)

# Or

- (b) Elucidate the principle of pilot-wire relaying schemes for protection of transmission lines. List out its merits and demerits. (16)
- 14. (a) Explain with neat block diagram of the function of synthesis of mho relay using static phase comparator. (16)

### Or

- (b) With neat sketches, explain the different types of protective schemes for transmission lines. (16)
- 15. (a) With neat sketch, describe the working principle of an axial air blast type circuit breaker. (16)

Or

(b) Demonstrate in detail the current chopping and derive re-striking voltage. (16)

(16)