A

Duration: Three hours

(a) Audible noise

Reg. No.:					

Maximum: 100 Marks

(d) All of the above

# **Question Paper Code: 59318**

### B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019

### Elective

## Electrical and Electronics Engineering

### 15UEE918 – POWER QUALITY

(Regulation 2015)

		Answer A	LL Questions		
		PART A - (10	$0 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$		
1.	. Which one of the following is not a type of Harmonic Distortion?				
	(a) Overvoltage	(b)Harmonics	(c) DC Offset	(d) Noise	
2.	-	-	is considered a sustained been zero for a period of time	CO1- U	
	(a) 2 minute	(b) 1 minute	(c) 3 minute	(d) 10 minute	
3.	What is the transfer rate of fast transfer switch?			CO2-R	
	(a) 1 electrical cycles		al cycles (b) 2 electrical cycles		
	(c) 3 electrical cycles		(d) 4 electrical cycles		
4.	Which Equipment is sensitive to both the magnitude and duration of a voltage sag?			CO2- U	
	(a) Under voltage rela	ays	(b) Motor drive controls		
	(c) Automated machi	nes	(d) None of the options		
5.	Common indicators of	of ferroresonance are		CO3- U	

(c) Flicker

(b) Overheating

6.		nt Capacitors supplyat nected.	the bus to which they are	(	CO3- U		
	(a) A	Active power (b) Reactive pow	wer (c) Apparent power	(d) None of the	above		
7.	Har	(	CO4- U				
	(a) I	Positive sequence	(b) Negative sequence	(b) Negative sequence			
	(c) Z	Zero sequence	(d) None of the optio	(d) None of the options			
8.	Whi	ch standard governs harmonic limit		CO4- R			
	(a) I	EEE 519-1992 (b) IEEE 819-19	998 (c) IEEE 519-1998	(d) IEEE 819-	-1992		
9.	Whi	ch equipment is used to measure po	(	CO5- U			
	(a) I	Disturbance analyzers	(b) Flicker meters	(b) Flicker meters			
	(c) I	Energy monitors	(d) All of the above				
10.	Power interruptions remote from the monitoring location will result in CO5-						
	(a) Very abrupt change in the voltage (b) Decaying voltage			e			
	(c) 1	No change in the voltage	(d) All the options a	(d) All the options are correct.			
		PART – B	(5 x 2= 10 Marks)				
11.	Con	npare Overvoltage and Under voltag	CO1- U				
12.	List	the causes of Voltage Sag.	CO2- R				
13.	Iden	tify the Power quality problems ass	CO3 -App				
14.	Hov	v harmonic sources are located?	CO4	CO4 -App			
15.	Classify the instruments used for Power quality measurement.			CO5 -Ana			
		PART –	C (5 x 16= 80Marks)				
16.	(a)	Explain in detail about (i) Long-Duration Voltage Variation	ons.	CO1- U	(8)		
		(ii) Short-Duration Voltage Variat	ions.	CO1- U	(8)		
		O	r				
	(b) Explain in detail about the types of waveform distortion.			CO1- U	(16)		

17.	(a)	Explain the methodology of estimating Voltage sag performance.	CO2- Ana	(16
		Or		
	(b)	Explain in detail about a device that can boost the voltage by injecting a voltage in series with the remaining voltage during a voltage sag condition.	CO2- Ana	(16
18.	(a)	Explain in detail about the devices used for Overvoltage Protection.	CO3- U	(16)
		Or		
	(b)	Explain in detail about the computer tools used for transient analysis.	CO3- U	(16)
19.	(a)	Explain how Commercial and Industrial loads are responsible for harmonic distortion.	CO4- U	(16)
		Or		
	(b)	Explain in detail about the devices used for controlling harmonic distortion.	CO4- U	(16)
20.	(a)	Analyse the role of Expert systems in Power quality Monitoring.  Or	CO5- Ana	(16)
	(b)	Explain the working of flicker meter with necessary diagrams.	CO5- Ana	(16)