		Reg. No. :										]
		Question Pa	aper Co	ode:	493	16						
B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019												
Elective												
Electrical and Electronics Engineering												
14UEE916- POWER QUALITY												
(Regulation 2014)												
Dura	ation: Three hours							Ma	xim	um:	100	Marks
	PART A - $(10 \text{ x } 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$											
		(Answer	all Ques	tions)								
1.	Power quality generally u	sed to express									(	CO1-R
	(a) quality of service		(b) c	ompu	iter e	quip	ment	į				
	(c) quality of the voltage			ghtni	ng eo	quipr	nent					
2.	2. In voltage sag, breaker will remain open for typically a minimum				of				(	CO1-R		
	(a) 10 cycles (b)	) 15 cycles	(c) 1	2 сус	les			(	(d) 5	cyc]	les	
3.	Transmission faults cause	Fransmission faults cause voltage sags that last about							C	CO2-R		
	(a) 40 sec (b)	) 10 sec	(c)	20 m	illise	ec		(d)	) 60 :	milli	sec	
4.	cause voltage sag										C	CO2-R
	(a) Sudden load changes		(b) e	xcess	ive lo	oads						
	(c) both a and b		(d) n	one c	of the	abo	ve					
5.	The surge impedance of u	nder-ground cal	bles is of	the o	rder (	of					(	CO3-R
	(a) 20 to 60 ohms		(b) 2	00 to	600	ohm	S					
	(c) 2 k ohm to 5 k ohm		(d) 2	0 k o	hm to	o 60	k oh	m				
6.	Lighting is an electrical discharge in the air							(	CO3-R			
	(a) between clouds (b) between different charge centre within the same clou						oud					
	(c) between cloud and ear	th (d) All th	ne above									

7.	The	sources of harmonics are	CO4-R							
	(a) Converters (b) Large rectifier load									
	(c) (	Computer power supply	(d) All the above							
8.	What are the harmonic effects on devices and loads			CO4-R						
	(a) i	nsulation stress (b) thermal stress (	c) load ruptures	(d) all the above						
9.	Pow	ver quality measuring equipments		CO5-R						
	(a) (	Oscilloscopes (b) Harmonic analyzers	(c) Energy monitors	(d) All the above	ve					
10.	A sp	bectrum analyzer can be used for		CO5-R						
	(a) t	race of high frequency harmonics	(b) measure harmonics							
	(c) r	neasure noise	(d) measure RMS voltag	ge						
	PART – B (5 x 2= 10Marks)									
11.	List	the major electric power quality issues.	CO1- R							
12.	Wha	at are the causes of voltage sag?	CO2- R							
13.	Wha	at are the problems associated with ferro re	CO3- R							
14.	Writ	te the sources of current harmonics	CO4- R							
15.	Whi	ch place is chosen for monitoring the powe	CO5- R							
		PART - C (5 x)	x 16= 80Marks)							
16.	(a)	Discuss with a necessary diagrams,	CO1- App	(16)						
		(i) Voltage Sag								
		(ii) Voltage swells Or								
	(b)	Discuss about the computer Business	* *	CO1- App	(16)					
		Manufactures Associations(CBEMA). E described in the curve.	xplain about the events							
		desended in the curve.								
17.	(a)	Explain in detail the thevenin's equivalen Or	t source analysis	CO2- App	(16)					
	(b)	Explain the system adapted to estimate occurred due to various sources.	the severity of the sag	CO2- Ana	(16)					
18.	(a)	Describe computer analyzing tool PS transient analysis	SCAD and EMTP for	CO3- Ana	(16)					
		Or								

	(b)	Discuss the sources of overvoltage due to following phenomena. (i) Capacitor switching. (ii) Lightning	CO3- Ana	(16)
19.	(a)	Discuss the characteristics of harmonics generated under different load condition	CO4- U	(16)
		Or		
	(b)	What are the various devices for controlling harmonic distortion? Explain briefly about it.	CO4- Ana	(16)
20.	(a)	With a neat block diagram explain the power quality disturbance	CO5- U	(16)

Or

Analyzer

(b) Briefly explain the common objectives of power quality CO5-U (16) monitoring