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Question Paper Code: 59509

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019

Elective

Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering

15UEI909 - ROBOTICS AND AUTOMATION

(Regulation 2015)

Duration: Three hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

PART A - (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. A robot arm that moves along three independent axes, each of which is straight and perpendicular to the other two, employs _____ CO1- R
 - (a) Revolute geometry
 - (b) Spherical coordinate geometry
 - (c) Cartesian coordinate geometry
 - (d) Cylindrical coordinate geometry
2. Spherical coordinates can uniquely define the position of a point in up to _____ CO1- R
 - (a) One dimension
 - (b) Two dimensions
 - (c) Three dimensions
 - (d) Four dimensions
3. Which of the following terms refers to the use of compressed gasses to drive (power) the robot device? CO2 -R
 - (a) Pneumatic
 - (b) Hydraulic
 - (c) Piezo electric
 - (d) Photo sensitive
4. Frame grabber is used to _____ CO2- R
 - (a) archeive the image
 - (b) segment the image
 - (c) process the image
 - (d) capture and store the image
5. Magnetic gripper is used only for _____ materials CO3- R
 - (a) Stainless steel
 - (b) Non-ferrous
 - (c) Ferrous
 - (d) Plastic
6. End effectors can be classified into two categories which are _____ CO3 -R
 - (a) Elbows and wrists
 - (b) Grippers and end of arm tooling
 - (c) Grippers and wrists
 - (d) End of arm tooling and elbows

7. Physical structure of robot which moves around, is called _____ CO4- R
 (a) Link (b) Manipulator (c) Joints (d) End- effector
8. Identify which of the following statements is *not* true in the case of CO4- R
 inverse kinematics problem, it is much more complex because

 (a) The equation to be solved are in general nonlinear in joint variables
 (b) Multiple solutions may exist
 (c) There might be no admissible solutions
 (d) Unique solution may exist
9. _____ type of robot control used in spot-welding applications. CO5- R
 (a) Point to point (b) Sequential
 (c) End point (d) Continuous path
10. The robotic welding have demonstrated to make it a technology the CO5- R
 helps Many manufactures increase .
 (a) Precision (b) Repeatability (c) output (d) all the above

PART – B (5 x 2= 10Marks)

11. Recall the three laws of Robotics stated by Asimov. CO1- R
12. Indicate the advantages of the electric actuator. CO2- R
13. Classify the grippers used in robotic manipulator. CO3- R
14. Identify the features / capabilities of second generation robot languages. CO4- R
15. List the considerations for the implementation of robot to perform a task in CO5- R
 industry.

PART – C (5 x 16= 80Marks)

16. (a) Demonstrate the following four robot configurations: CO1- App (16)
 (i) polar configuration,
 (ii) cylindrical configuration,
 (iii) Cartesian co-ordinate configuration and
 (iv) Jointed arm configuration.
- Or
- (b) Differentiate between the various generations of robots. CO1 -App (16)

17. (a) Execute how the proximity and range sensors can be built using CO2 -App (16)
 (i) Optical devices
 (ii) Acoustical devices
 Or
- (b) How do u sense the positional accuracy of robot? Discuss and CO2- Ana (16)
 explain the suitable type of sensor used to measure the position.
18. (a) Analyze the working principle of magnetic and vacuum cup CO3 -Ana (16)
 grippers.
 Or
- (b) Derive the forward kinematics equation using the homogenous CO3 -Ana (16)
 transformation for the three link planar (3R) manipulator
19. (a) Explain the different types of programming language used in CO4- U (16)
 robotics.
 Or
- (b) Determine the manipulator Jacobian for the 3-DOF articulated CO4 -U (16)
 arm.
20. (a) Explain the any two applications of robots in manufacturing. CO5- U (16)
 Or
- (b) Explain the any two robot work cell configurations in robot CO5- U (16)
 applications.

