	Reg. No. :							
Question Paper Code: 41004								
B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019								
First Semester								
14UCY104 – ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY								
(Common to Civil and Mechanical Branches)								
(Regulation 2014)								
Duration: Three ho	urs		Maximum: 100 Marks					
Answer ALL Questions.								
PART A - $(10 \text{ x } 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$								
1. Natural rubber is form of polyisoprene								
(a) CiS	(b) trans	(c) PLA	(d) Lexan					
2 is thermosetting plastics								
(a) Polyethylene	(b) PVC	(c) Bakelite	(d) Teflon					
3. Semi-solid lubricant is								
(a) Graphite	(b) MoS <sub>2</sub>	(c) Grease	(d) CNT					
4 is responsible for flash setting of cement								
(a) C <sub>3</sub> S	(b) C <sub>3</sub> A	(c) $C_2A$	(d) C <sub>2</sub> S					
5. A steel screw in a brass marine hardware corrodes, due to								
<ul><li>(a) Galvanic corrosion</li><li>(c) Waterline corrosion</li></ul>			<ul><li>(b) Differential aeration corrosion</li><li>(d) Dry corrosion</li></ul>					
6. As the acidity increases, the rate of corrosion								
(a) No effect	(b) Increases	(c) Decrease	(d) Remaining the same					

7. Silca is a good \_\_\_\_\_

	(a) Adsorbate	(b) Adsorbent	(c) Catalyst	(d) Promoter					
8.	In the adsorption of oxalic acid on activated charcoal, the activated charcoal is known as								
	(a) adsorber	(b) adsorbent	(c) absorber	(d) adsorbate					
9.	The wave length region of near UV radiation is								
	(a) 400nm -750 nm (b) 800nm-7200 nm								
	(c) 200nm-400nm		(d) 0nm-100nm						
10.	10. Atomic structure of the crystal is founded by								
	(a) XRD (b) UV spectroscopy								
	(c) IR spectroscopy		(d) Flame photon	metry					
PART - B (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)									
11. Compare the properties of raw rubber with vulcanized rubber.									
12. What are refractories? How are they classified?									
13. Recommend any two methods for avoiding corrosion.									
14. What is Freundlich's adsorption isotherm?									
15. State Beer- Lamberts law.									
		PART - C (5 x							
16.	6. (a) (i) Write the free radical mechanism for the synthesis of PVC. (8)								
(ii) Differentiate addition polymerization from condensation polymerization. (8)									
Or									
	(b) (i) Explain why na	atural rubber needs v	ulcanization. How	is it carried out?	(8)				
	(ii) Write the differences between addition and condensation polymerization reactions								
	with an suitabl	e example for each t	ype.		(8)				
17.	(a) (i) Explain any fo	ur properties of lubri	cants.		(8)				
	(ii) Explain hydrod	lynamic lubrication	mechanism.		(8)				
	2								

41004

Or							
(b) (i) Describe the process of manufacture of Portland cement with a scher diagram.	matic (8)						
(ii) Write short notes on "carbon nano tubes".	(8)						
18. (a) (i) Explain the mechanism for rusting iron on the basis of electrochemical corre	osion. (8)						
(ii) What is cathodic protection? How is sacrificial anode method applied corrosion control.	d for (8)						
Or							
(b) (i) Explain any four basic constituents and functions of paints.	(8)						
(ii) Give an account of electroless plating of Ni.	(8)						
19. (a) (i) Distinguish between physical adsorption and chemical adsorption.	(8)						
(ii) Derive Langmuirs adsorption isotherm.	(8)						
Or							
(b) (i) Discuss any four factors which influence the adsorption of gas on solid.	(8)						
(ii) Distinguish between physical adsorption and chemical adsorption.	(8)						
20. (a) (i) Derive the Beer - lambert's law. Write its limitations.	(6)						
(ii) Give a brief account on estimation of nickel by atomic absorption spectroscop	oy.						
	(10)						
Or							
(b) (i) Explain the estimation of nickel by atomic absorption spectroscopy.	(8)						
	$\langle \mathbf{O} \rangle$						

(b) (1) Exp (8) eccloscopy (ii) Derive Beer-Lambert's law. What are its limitations. (8)

41004